(78)

Previous references.

File No.93 of 1903-04, Serial No 1 and 9

File No. 93 of 1903-04.

1904

(III - Police.)

Later references.

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

Serial Nos. 12 to 14

PART B FOR July 1904

SUBJECT.

Police Administration Report for the year 1902-03,

FILE No. 93 of 1903-04.

12	To the Inspector General of Police in Mysore, No. 139-(93 of 1903-04)-12, dated 20th July 1904. Forwards for reference and distribution, 40 copies of the Police Administration Report for 1902-03, with the Government review passed thereon. [With enclosure, a copy of the Report.]
13	To the Registrar of the Chief Court, No. 140-(93 of 1903-04)-13, dated 20th July 1904. Invites attention to para 4 of the Police Administration Report, and requests that the Chief Court may be moved to issue necessary instructions to the Subordinate Magistracy in regard to their promptly furnishing to District Police officers, the prescribed monthly statements of cases taken up by the Magistrates directly.
14	To the First Assistant to the Resident in Mysore, No. Pol. 58, dated 20th July 1904. Forwards 8 copies of the Police Administration Report for 1902-03, with the Government's review thereon.

File 93 of 1903-04. Serial No. 1 and 9.

G. R. S. 58.

27

General and Revenue Secretariat.

File No. 93 of 1903-04

Serial No. -

Govt Proceedings No. 2673-81 dated the 11th June 1904, receiving the report submitted.

Printed Copies of the Report with the review have been just now received from the Press.

A draft letter to the J.A. Resident, forwarding 8 Copies of the Report and a draft docket to the Dy. of Police, forwarding 40 Copies of the same, are put up for approval.

SV 19/7/04 · PR 21/7/04

Orders are also solicited as to whether the draft letter to the Registrar, Chief Court, re the delay noticed in the report in furnishing the prescribed monthly statistics, which was put up by the office on 22nd January 04 ~~but which has not been approved~~, may now issue.

I see all three drafts

SV 19/7/04 PR 21/7/04 (M. S. Bhargava) that the title-

General and Revenue Secretariat.

File No. 93 of 1903 04.

Serial No.	
	for of the Report for the Official year 1901 03 as from 1st July 1901 to 30th June 1902. Please correct the heading in the copies for the Residency — the Dy Supdt. Nilgiris — point out the mistake &c &c to the Peshkar. 19/7/04
12.	To the I. G. of Police, No 139-(93 of 03-04)- dt 20.7.04, Inwards 40 copies of the Report with foot-notes passed thereon - for reference & distribution.
13.	To the Registrar, Chief Court. No 140-(93 of 03-04) dated 20.7.04. invites attention to para 6 of the Police administration Reports for 1901-02 & 1902-03 that Chief Court may be moved to issue necessary instructions to the Sub-Magistrates for punctual transmission of the required information.
14.	To the P. A. Resident No 8158 dt 20-7-04, Forwards 8 copies of the Report, for information

NOTE—Contn. sheet.

MGCPB—10,000—19-4-04

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No. 2503 / 143

OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL OF POLICE IN MYSORE,
Dated, Bangalore, 31st October 1903.

From

C. MADIAH, ESQ., RAO BAHADUR,
Inspector General of Police in Mysore.

To

H. V. NANJUNDAYYA, ESQ., M.A., M.L.,
Secretary to the Government of H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore,
General and Revenue Departments, Bangalore.

SIR,

I have the honor to forward herewith the Annual Report together with statements A to G on the Police Administration of the Mysore State for the year 1902-03.

2. Mr. B. K. Venkatavaradaiengar continued to officiate as Inspector General of Police till the 11th August 1902. I then took charge of the office and continued till the end of the year. The post of Assistant to this office, which lay vacant since the transfer of Mr. Hume Wright, was filled up by the appointment of Mr. N. Subba Rao, B.A., Superintendent of Police, under Government Order No. J.1526, dated 26th March 1903, who joined the office on the 9th June 1903.

3. In this Report I have adopted the following arrangement:—

Part I. Dealing with reported crime.
Part II. Police action.
Part III. General Administration.

I have further omitted as far as practicable the insertion of statements in the body of the Report.

4. I am constrained to remark at the outset that the dilatoriness on the part of the Magistracy in furnishing the monthly statistics, notwithstanding repeated requisitions from the District Police Officers, has caused inconvenience in the compilation of the prescribed Statements A I, A II and B I, B II., relating to cases taken up by the Magistrates directly. It is hoped that the Chief Court will, on the motion of Government, issue necessary instructions directing the Magistracy to be regular in furnishing the required information.

PART I—CRIME.

5. *Reported Crime.*—The total number of cognizable cases reported and taken up by the Police *suo motu* during the year 1902-03 was 6,009 against 6,463 of the previous year, showing a decrease of 454 cases or 7·5 per cent less than that of the previous year.

6. This decrease is due to prosperous seasons which rendered the prices of food stuffs easy and afforded ample engagement to the criminal as well as labouring classes, and to increased activity on the part of the Police.

7. On a comparative view of the state of reported crime by districts, slight increase is noticeable in the Bangalore and Kolar Districts, the Bangalore City and the Railway Police, while the other parts of the Province show a decrease. The increase referred to is generally to be found under Class VI, especially under Offences under the Arms Act and the Police Rules.

8. *True Cases.*—The total number of true cases dealt with by the Police during the year was 6,372 against 6,723 of the previous year, showing here also a decrease of 351 cases. This number includes 2,725 cases pending with the Police and with the Magistrates on B Form at the close of the year.

9. I shall now proceed to detail the various classes of offences.

Class I.—Offences against the State, etc.

10. The total number of cases dealt with by the Police under this class was 123 against 140 of the preceding year. Of these the number of true cases was 94 against 114. The offences under this class relate particularly to coins, escape from lawful custody, rioting and personation of public servants.

11. *Coining Cases.*—The coining cases dealt with by the Police numbered 18, including 7 pending cases of the past year against 17 of the previous year. Of these only 2, which occurred in the Kolar District, relate to counterfeiting Queen's coins in connection with which 6 local men, including Mahomedans and Hindus, were arrested with lead coins and moulds and prosecuted to conviction. The remaining cases were of uttering false coins under Sections 239, 240 and 241 of the Indian Penal Code, and the results of their investigation are shown later on.

12. *Other Offences against Public Justice.*—Other offences against Public Justice, which include escape from lawful custody, decreased from 59 in the last year to 52 during the year under report.

13. *Riots.*—Rioting cases numbered 45 during the year, against 57 of the preceding year. Most of these cases were due to agrarian disputes and communal rights. There were no riots of a very serious nature between parties arising from religious or racial animosities.

14. *Personation of Public Servants.*—Personation of public servants occurred in six cases against the same number during the previous year. The Districts of Kolar and Shimoga, the Kolar Gold Fields and the Bangalore City are the only places which reported cases under this head. In the Bangalore City, two bad characters representing themselves as a Police Sergeant and a Constable, respectively, attempted to extort money from a villager threatening to confine him in a lock-up for having committed nuisance on the road. They were caught red-handed by the Police Officers of the City and prosecuted to conviction.

Class II.—Serious Offences against the Person.

15. The number of cases reported and taken up by the Police *suo motu* under this class was 489 against 505 during the previous year, showing a decrease of 16 cases. But an increase in this class of offences is noticeable in the Bangalore, Mysore and Kadur Districts and in the Bangalore City. The grave offences of murder, culpable homicide, rape, exposure of infants, grievious hurt, administering stupefying drugs and kidnapping included in this class, are discussed below.

16. *Murder.*—The number of cases of murder reported during the year was 48 against 60 of the previous year, and that dealt with during the year was 70 against 89. The number of true cases was 64 against 72, showing a decrease of 8 cases. Except the Chitaldrug District in which there was a slight increase, the other districts showed a decrease under this head.

17. *Attempt at Murder and Culpable Homicide.*—There was a slight increase under these offences, *viz.*, 2 and 1, respectively.

18. *Rape.*—The number of rape cases reported was 11 against 8 of the previous year, showing an increase of 3 cases.

19. *Exposure of Infants.*—Under the head "Exposure of infants and concealment of birth," 9 cases were reported during the year against 16, showing a noticeable decrease of 7 cases. The total number for disposal, *viz.*, 22, was the same as in the previous year.

20. *Grievous Hurt, etc.*—The offence of "Grievous hurt and administering stupefying drugs" also decreased during the year. Under the latter head, there were 4 cases against 8 in the previous year. There was an increase of 10 cases under the head "Hurt by dangerous weapon," the figures being 135 and 125 during the year and the last one, respectively.

21. *Kidnapping.*—The offence of kidnapping increased from 25 to 41 during the year under report, the Bangalore City alone contributing 12 cases. These are the series of offences in which girls were kidnapped for the purpose of being sold for marriage in His Highness the Nizam's Dominions. The details of these cases will be noticed in the sequel.

Class III.—Serious Offences against Person and Property.

22. This class includes among others, robberies, dacoities and burglaries. The total number of cases reported increased from 1,396 to 1,495 during the year under report. Increase is noticeable only under "House-breaking and theft", which is accounted for by the fact that the evacuation of houses on account of plague afforded all possible facility to bad characters for committing these offences as is borne out by their increase in the plague-affected districts of Bangalore, Kolar and Mysore and the French Rocks Sub-Division.

23. Watching the itinerant gangs of burglars, which visit the Province from the adjoining British Districts, does not seem to receive the undivided attention of the Police owing to the additional plague work devolving on them.

24. There was an increase of 52 cases under this head in the Kolar Gold Fields, and Mr. Thomas, Superintendent of Police, attributes it to the operations of a large and dangerous Korachar gang hailing from Kuppam in the British Territory. It is reported that during the year there were several series of organized burglaries culminating in the occurrence of a mail dacoity at Bowringpet, a heavy burglary in the Gold Fields, and three small house-breakings in Malur.

25. *Dacoity.*—During the year under report the cases of dacoity numbered 39 against 62 in the preceding year, Mysore District alone having reported no cases of this kind.

26. The striking decrease, I am glad to note, was mainly due to the capture of a notorious criminal gang of Korachars in the British districts in connection with the series of dacoities of the preceding year noted in my last Report and to the trial of the offenders which continued even after the close of the year. It is also gratifying to record that some of the frontier districts adopted preventive measures by way of opening frontier outposts, instituting special road-beats and providing escorts for carts and passengers, and a strict watching of the wandering gangs. There was, therefore, no disturbance from organized gangs of dacoits in the year under report.

27. *Robberies.*—The number of cases of robbery reported was the same as in the previous year, *viz.*, 89. While there was a decrease in the number reported from Tumkur and Kadur Districts and the French Rocks Sub-Division, there was an increase in the Mysore and Chitaldrug Districts and in the Mysore City. Some were evidently robberies of a trivial nature.

28. *Lurking House-breakings.*—1,242 cases were reported under "Lurking House trespass and house-breaking" against 1,121 during the previous year, showing an increase of 121 cases. The reason for this increase, of which 52 were in the Kolar Gold Fields alone, is mentioned in para 22 *supra*. The largest number of cases, *viz.*, 163, was reported in the Kolar Gold Fields, next in order come Shimoga with 138, Bangalore with 133, Mysore and Hassan with 112 each, Kolar with 109, Bangalore City with 108, and Chitaldrug with 100. The smallest number, *viz.*, 42, was reported in the Mysore City. In view of the large number of crime under this head I am of opinion that the Police concerned cannot be absolved from blame for not exercising proper vigilance over the local bad characters and for not enforcing the preventive sections of the Criminal Procedure Code in spite of repeated instructions.

Class IV.—Minor Offences against the Person.

29. In the year under report, 66 cases were reported under this class against 96 during the previous year. Decrease under this is noticeable in all the districts, except Kolar and the French Rocks Sub-Division where there was an increase of 3 and 2 cases, respectively.

Class V.—Minor Offences against Property.

30. 2,835 cases were reported in the year against 3,336 of the previous year, showing a decrease of 501 cases, the decrease being noticeable in all the districts. It would, in my opinion, be an advantage to relieve the Police of the responsibility of investigating cases in which the property lost is of a trifling value, say Rs. 5 or under, and the name of the accused is known. Such an arrangement would allow the Police more time to devote to the investigation and detection of heinous cases and enforcement of preventive measures

by Magistrates, against 1,166 and 422 respectively during the previous year. In 4 cases reported in B Form, the Magistrates tried the accused persons with the result that 3 ended in conviction and 1 in acquittal, the corresponding figures for the previous year being 18, 11 and 6 respectively. 113 cases were returned as undetectable against 157 during the previous year, 67 of which were ordered to be struck off.

39. The number under investigation with the Police at the close of the year was 2,725 against 2,811 during the previous year. The Police pending cases include 886 cases investigated by the Police and reported to Magistrates on B Form in which no final orders were passed by them at the close of the year. Thus there were 1,839 cases actually pending with the Police at the end of the year, against 2,011 cases during the previous year. The number of cases reported by the Police in B Form is slightly on the increase over that of the preceding year. In view that only in 4 cases the Magistrates held regular trial, the action of the Police is apparently correct. It may not be out of place to remark here that, in the majority of cases, the Magistrates take but a formal action and pass final orders confirming the view of the Police.

40. Deducting cases refused and found false after investigation and declared after trial never to have occurred, or to be mistakes of fact or law, or non-cognizable, there remained only 6,364 true cases against 6,723 during the previous year, showing a decrease by 359. 3,536 cases were sent up before Magistrates and 426 were pending with them at the close of the previous year, against 3,752 and 418 respectively during the preceding year. Of the total number of 3,962 cases before Magistrates, 906 ended in discharge or acquittal and 2,644 in conviction, 56 were otherwise disposed of, 7 declared by Court after trial never to have occurred or to be mistakes of fact or law and 349 were under trial at the close of the year, the corresponding figures for the previous year being 4,170, 751, 2,950, 34, 1, and 426 respectively. The percentage of cases investigated to those reported and pending, minus those refused and transferred, was 67·1 against 66·2 for the previous year. The percentage of convictions to cases reported and pending as above was 31·9 against 35·4 during the previous year, and this shows deterioration to a certain extent. The percentage of convictions to cases investigated was 47·5 against 53·4 and that to decided, was 74·4 against 79·7 during the previous year. Except an improvement in the first percentage, the other percentages show marked deterioration. These figures furnish no accurate data for judging the efficiency of the work turned out by the Police, as has been aptly observed by Mr. Cleveland, Inspector General of Police, Central Provinces, whose words can profitably be quoted :—

"The importance of criminal work is not rated now as high as it used to be, "among Executive Officers. Dilatory magisterial proceedings are more common "than of old, while the defence of accused persons is more freely undertaken by "subtle Pleaders, whose knowledge of all the loop-holes of the law and whose skill "in finding flaws in the statements of unsophisticated villagers, readily point out "to the Magistrate an easy road to discharge or acquittal. For the Police Depart- "ment, the moral is, I venture to think, that prevention is better than detection, and "in normal years we must look rather to the absence of crime than to the success "met with in cases sent up for trial, for a fair criterion of Police work."

In this connection, I may also refer to the remarks contained in para 44 of my last year's Report.

41. *In Class I, Offences against the State, etc.*—123 cases were dealt with by the Police against 140 during the previous year. 63 cases were sent up before the Magistrates during the year and 23 were pending with them, making a total of 86 cases for disposal against 88 during the previous year. Of these, 46 ended in conviction and 19 in discharge or acquittal against 55 and 9 respectively in the previous year. The percentage of convictions to cases decided was 70·7 against 85·9 of the previous year. This result may be pronounced fair although it compares unfavourably with the preceding year. The most important offences under this class are coining cases and rioting.

42. *Coining Cases.*—11 coining cases, including 3 cases of counterfeiting Queen's coin under Section 232 of the Indian Penal Code, were reported during the year against 14 during the previous year, and 8 were sent up before the Magistrates against 7 in the previous year. 10 cases were dealt with by the Magistrates

against 9 in the previous year. 4 cases ended in conviction and 5 in acquittal against 6 and 1 respectively in the previous year. The percentage of convictions to cases decided was 44·4 against 85·7 during the previous year. 5 cases were reported in the Kolar Gold Fields of which 2 ended in conviction, and 1 in the Kolar District which also ended similarly.

43. *Riots.*—45 cases were dealt with by the Police during the year against 57 during the previous year, and 27 cases were before Magistrates for disposal against 33 during the previous year. 14 cases ended in conviction and 6 in acquittal against 17 and 7 respectively. The percentage of convictions to cases decided was 70 against 70·8 for the previous year.

44. In the case of offences under Class II, 514 out of 664 cases reported and pending or 77·4 per cent were investigated, against 497 out of 685 cases or 72·5 during the previous year. 370 of these cases were sent up before the Magistrates against 339 during the previous year. 162 ended in conviction and 168 in acquittal against 172 and 137 respectively.

45. The percentage of convictions to cases investigated was 31·5 against 34·6, showing a slight decrease by 3 per cent, which requires no comment. The percentage of convictions to cases decided was 49·09 against 55·6 for the previous year. There is a falling off in this result and it is attributable to the large number of acquittals, *viz.*, 63 out of 90 cases decided under the head "Hurt by dangerous weapon."

46. This result reflects but little credit on the Police and shows want of sufficient attention on their part to the prosecution of cases in Courts. As noted in my last Report, the demand for the appointment of Prosecuting Inspectors for districts becomes pressing and a separate proposal will be submitted to Government in the matter in due course.

47. I shall now proceed to deal with some of the important offences under this class.

48. *Murder.*—Forty-eight cases were reported during the year against 60 of the previous year. The number of cases which were pending with the Police at the close of the previous year was 22. Thus the Police had to deal with 70 cases against 89 in the previous year. The number of true cases was 65 against 72 of the preceding year. Of these, 3 were murders by dacoits, and the remaining 62 were "other murders." Of the former, one was transferred to the British Territory and of the remaining 2, 1 occurred in the Tumkur District and the other within the limits of the Kolar Gold Fields Circle. The Tumkur case, the *causa celebra* murder at Gubbi, ended in conviction, but was reversed on appeal by the Chief Court after the close of the year, and the other case of the Kolar Gold Fields, in which a cartman who was repairing to the Ooregum shandy was waylaid and mortally wounded by dacoits, remains undetected. Of the 62 other murders, 2 were returned as undetectable and 15 were under investigation with the Police. 45 cases were sent up before Magistrates against 47 during the previous year. The Magistrates had to dispose of 63 cases against 65 in the previous year. Of these, 20 ended in conviction, 17 in acquittal, 4 were struck off as the accused died and the remaining 22 were under trial before Magistrates and Courts at the close of the year, against 21, 22, 2 and 19 respectively during the previous year. The percentage of convictions to cases reported was 29·8 against 21·4 for the previous year, and that to decided was 54·05 against 48·8. The result of Police action under this class, though not what could be desired, compares favourably with the previous year. Taking the results attained by each District into consideration, it is very disappointing to note that in the Tumkur District, in which 10 cases were tried, only 4 were convicted; in the Bangalore and Kolar Districts, in each of which 9 cases were tried, only 1 and 3 respectively ended in conviction; and in the Hassan and Mysore Districts, in which 5 and 6 were tried, only 1 and 2 respectively ended in conviction; whereas in the Shimoga District, in which 8 cases were tried, 3 ended in acquittal and the remaining 5 were pending before the Courts at the close of the year. The reasons for the low percentage of convictions in murder cases are not far to seek. Under the present system of working in the Province, the first information report is made by Patels, who are generally illiterate. Added to this, a Police Officer of low rank, *viz.*, Daffadar in charge of a Sub-Station, is the first to proceed to the scene of occurrence of a murder, and the mistakes committed by him at the outset are irreparable. Further, owing to distances, prompt examination of

dead bodies by duly qualified Medical Officers is not possible, but is entrusted to a low-paid and sometimes raw official of the rank of an Hospital Assistant. I need not reiterate my remarks of last year as regards the disadvantageous position in which the Police are placed for want of a separate prosecuting agency. Protracted enquiry or trial as is observable in the marginally noted cases of the Shimoga District, is also prejudicial to the successful termination of the cases.

i. Mugli Mane murder.
ii. Benagode murder.
iii. Sutagadele kidnapping.
(Preliminary enquiry began about two months after the charge-sheets were sent up.)

49. Jealousy, criminal intimacy, disputes about property, domestic quarrels, enmity and robbery were, as usual, the general motives; and as the commission of this crime is always premeditated, it is idle to expect the adoption of any effective preventive measure.

50. The Kadur District and the Kolar Gold Fields had 2 cases each during the year and both of them ended in conviction. This is satisfactory.

51. The sensational murder case of the year was the one that occurred at Gubbi and the details of which are as follows:—

On the night of the 10th September 1902, while Gubba Sottara Huchappa and his wife Honnamma, his relative Honnappa and his servant Dodda, were fast asleep in Huchappa's house in Gubbi Town, they were all brutally murdered in cold blood in their very beds and property to the value of Rs. 2,000 was stolen. The case was investigated by the Amildar under the direct supervision of the Superintendent of Police with the result that 11 local men, who bore a grudge against the deceased Huchappa, were arrested and all but the one who committed suicide while in Police custody, were placed before the Committing Magistrate. Nine of these were released and the remaining one was ordered to take his trial. On this the Police moved the District Magistrate, who ordered the committal of all the persons released by the Committing Magistrate. In the Court of Sessions, one was sentenced to be hanged and the others were acquitted. The accused appealed against the conviction and was acquitted, and the Government also preferred an appeal to the Chief Court against the order of acquittal by the Sessions Judge but the result proved unfavourable.

52. *Exposure of Infants and Concealment of Birth.*—The Police had 22 cases to deal with during the year against the same number in the last year. Of these, 6 were struck off as false against 1, and 12 were pending with the Police at the close of the year against the same number during the previous year. Including pending cases, the Magistrates had for disposal 6 cases, against 10 during the previous year. 3 cases ended in conviction and 2 in acquittal against 5 and 3 respectively. The percentage of convictions to cases decided was 60 against 62·5 during the previous year. Cases under this offence were reported only in the Kolar, Hassan and Shimoga Districts, and in the French Rocks Sub-Division. The largest number reported, *viz.*, 5, was in the Hassan District.

53. *Administering Stupefying Drugs.*—4 cases were reported during the year against 7 in the previous year, and 4 were pending with the Police against 5. Thus the Police had to deal with 8 cases against 12. Excluding cases struck off as false and those pending with the Police, 2 cases were sent up before the Magistrates against the same number during the previous year. Both of them ended in conviction during the year against 1 in the previous year. The percentage of convictions to cases reported and pending, was 25·0 against 12·5 and that to decided, was 100 against 50. There were no cases of this kind from professional men, but those reported were only cases in which arsenic was administered with food stuffs to gratify the ill-feeling of private parties. One case each was reported in the Kolar and Mysore Districts and both ended in conviction.

54. *Kidnapping.*—Forty-one cases were reported during the year against 25 in the previous year. The increase is due to the series of kidnapping cases that were taken up by the Bangalore City and District Police, a short resumé of which will be found below. Excluding cases refused and transferred and including Police pending cases, there were 57 cases during the year against 42 in the previous year. Of these, 20 were reported as false and 17 were under investigation with the Police and 20 sent up before Magistrates against 5 during the previous year. 13 cases

were decided, of which 6 ended in conviction against 1 during the previous year, and 7 in acquittal against 3. The percentage of convictions to true cases was 16·2 against 4·3 and that to decided was 46·1 against 25·0. This result is on the whole satisfactory.

55. In the month of August 1902, the Surat Police gave information through the Residency, that three Bangaloreans, named P. Madhava Rao, Srikanta Sastry and N. Narnappa, who were apparently trafficking in girls arrived in Surat with 2 girls and were on their way to Muttra to have them married, but instead of proceeding to Muttra the party left for Bombay. The Bangalore Police having been apprised of the above circumstances, traced out 2 girls confined in a room in a choultry near the Municipal Garden, in charge of the abovenamed individuals, who had evidently returned from Surat after an unsuccessful attempt to dispose of the girls. In the enquiry, the girls related that they were non-Brahmins trained to act as Brahmins, that they had been kidnapped for being married into Brahmin families outside the Province, and that they had been taken to Surat, Poona and other places. In connection with this case, 8 persons were prosecuted to conviction as shown below:—

No.	Name.	Caste.	Punishment.
1	Madhava Rao ...	Brahmin ...	4 years' rigorous imprisonment and 100 Rs. fine.
2	Nanjundappa ..	Goldsmith ...	6 years' rigorous imprisonment and 100 Rs. fine.
3	Muddamma ...	Wakkaligar ...	2 years' rigorous imprisonment.
4	Mylaraiya ...	Brahmin ...	6 years' do and 100 Rs. fine.
5	Ammajamma ...	Wakkaligar ...	Do do
6	Venkatasamy ...	Sadar ...	Do do
7	Srikanta Sastry ...	Brahmin ..	2 years' rigorous imprisonment.
8	Muniyappa ...	Wakkaligar ...	Died.

56. In the course of the investigation it was gathered that an extensive traffic in girls was carried on by these and several other persons and that 10 girls had already been sold to Brahmin families for marriage for prices varying from Rs. 600 to Rs. 1,000 each. Some Brahmins of the Hyderabad State, who had taken such girls as their wives, found to their sad disappointment that they had been cheated and therefore voluntarily surrendered 6 girls to our Police.

57. The result of the action taken by the Police in connection with these cases is shown below:—

CASES.

Number of cases taken up for investigation		13
Do	convicted	3
Do	acquitted	1
Do	pending with Magistrate	6
Do	pending with Police	2
Do	transferred to the Civil and Military Station	1

PERSONS.

Arrested	32
Convicted	15
Acquitted	3
Otherwise disposed of	2
Under trial	12

58. That an organised gang for trafficking in girls existed undetected in the Bangalore City for some time is a fact to be very much regretted. But for the information furnished by the Bombay Police, this nefarious trade would have continued unchecked, and I am, therefore, primarily thankful to them. The local Police, however, successfully prosecuted most of the offenders to conviction.

59. In the case of offences under Class III, 47·3 per cent of the total number of cases was investigated against 46·6 during the previous year, showing an improvement in spite of the increase in the number of reported crime. The number of cases pending with the Police at the close of the year was 1,342 against 1,219. 433 cases were sent up before the Magistrates against 424 during the previous year, which with 56 and 53, that were pending with the latter, made up a total of 489 and 477 cases respectively, for their disposal. Of these, 299 ended in conviction and 137 in acquittal against 292 and 129 respectively during the previous year. The percentage of convictions to total number of cases reported was 20·04 against 20·9, and that to decided was 68·5 against 69·3. Thus there is not any appreciable variation in the results of both the years.

60. *Dacoity.*—Only 39 cases were reported during the year against 62 during the previous year. The causes for the decrease are noted in para 26 above. 45·9 per cent of the total number of cases was investigated against 36·5 during the previous year. Among the Districts, the Kolar Gold Fields had the highest number of reported cases, *viz.*, 9, next in order come Shimoga with 8, Chitaldrug with 5, Bangalore and Hassan with 4 each, and Kolar with 3. The Kadur District, which had 14 cases reported during the previous year, had only one in the year under report. Of the total number of 110 cases dealt with by the Police, 18 were struck off as false, 11 were returned as undetectable and 59 as per margin were under investigation with the Police at the close of the year. This is very unsatisfactory and the attention of Deputy Commissioners has been drawn in view to the speedy disposal of the pending cases. 22 cases were sent up before Magistrates against 21 during the previous year, 12 ended in conviction against 14 and 6 in acquittal against 17. The percentage of convictions to cases reported was 30·7 against 23·7 and that to decided, was 66·6 against 45·1. The results of Police action in this class of offence may be said to be satisfactory. The series of dacoities of Kadur and Shimoga Districts reported last year, in which the Korachars of His Majesty's Territory were concerned, ended in conviction, 7 of them having been sentenced to various terms of imprisonment and the remaining 5 having escaped from the Chikmagalur lock-up.

Kolar Gold Fields	12
Chitaldrug	10
Kadur	11
Shimoga	12
Hassan	3
French Rocks	2
Kolar	1
Tumkur	1
Bangalore	7

61. *Robbery.*—58·06 per cent of the total number of cases reported and pending was investigated against 45·4 during the previous year. The percentage of convictions to cases reported was 20·2 against 16·8, while that to cases decided was 66·6 against 78·9. The latter percentage shows decline, while there is an improvement in the former.

62. *Lurking House-trespass and House-breaking.*—44·6 per cent of the total number of cases was investigated during the year against 44·8 during the previous year. Notwithstanding the increase in the number of reported crime, the Police have evinced greater activity and investigated a larger number of cases. The percentage of convictions to cases decided was 71·9 against 74·6 during the previous year. The result of Police action in this offence may be said to be fair considering the difficulty of detection in this class of offences. Among the districts, the largest number reported, *viz.*, 159, was in the Kolar Gold Fields, next in order come Shimoga with 137, Bangalore with 131, Mysore with 112, Hassan with 110, Kolar with 108, and the Bangalore City with 104. The smallest number, *viz.*, 42, was reported in the Mysore City. Judged by the results, the percentage of convictions to cases decided was the highest, *viz.*, 87·1, in the Kolar Gold Fields, next in order come Kolar with 81·4, Shimoga with 81·2, Bangalore with 79·1, Mysore with 76·3, Tumkur and Bangalore City with 72·9 each, the Mysore City with 70, and the Kadur District with 60. The Chitaldrug District had the lowest result, *viz.*, 38·4.

63. *Cattle Thefts.*—76·1 per cent of the total number of cases was investigated during the year against 72·5 during the previous year. The percentage of convictions to cases investigated was 47·8 against 61·2, number of pending cases before Magistrates being 28 against 20, and that to decided was 74·7 against 81·8. Thus it is to be observed that, while there was improvement in the percentage of cases investigated, there was deterioration in the other results. The Shimoga District had the largest number of cases reported, *viz.*, 60, then come Mysore, Bangalore, and Hassan with 40, 37 and 34 cases respectively. The French Rocks Sub-Division had the smallest number of cases, *viz.*, 9. The highest number of convictions in this offence,

viz., 22, was obtained in each of the Shimoga and Mysore Districts, and then comes Bangalore with 21. The smallest number, *viz.*, 6, was in the Kolar Gold Fields.

64. *Thefts.*—67·2 per cent of the total number of cases was investigated against 67·3 during the previous year, and 45·6 per cent of investigated cases ended in conviction against 54·01, cases pending before Magistrates being 76 against 116 of last year. The percentage of convictions to cases decided was 75·02 against 80·7.

65 A heavy case of theft which took place at Davangere is noted below:—

In the month of September 1902, when the Swamy of the Murgi Matt was stopping at Davangere, gold and silver ornaments valued at Rs. 32,965 were missed and the Parpategar of the Matt subsequently gave information from Sholapur that a "Chela" of the Swamy named Sivabasayya was found in possession of a portion of the stolen property worth about Rs. 13,000. Inspector Krishnamachar of Davangere proceeded to Sholapur, recovered the property and prosecuted the accused to conviction.

66. *Direct Cases.*—Statement A, Part I, deals with cases taken up by Magistrates direct. The number of cases taken up by Magistrates on complaint or *suo motu* was 1,575 including 123 pending cases against 1,237 during the previous year. 308 of these cases were referred to the Police for investigation against 206, showing an increase of 102 cases during the year. I have again to mention that the tendency on the part of Magistrates to refer cases for Police investigation is increasing in spite of repeated remarks in the previous reports. The fact seems to be that Magistrates do not examine the complainants closely but call for Police interference even in cases of a trivial nature where the same can be profitably avoided. It has come to my notice that in several instances cases are referred to the Police by Magistrates without recording reasons for so doing, as required under Section 202 of the Criminal Procedure Code.

67. *Statement A, Part IV, Persons in Police Cases.*—5,978 persons were arrested by the Police against 6,161 persons of the previous year. Of these, 166 persons or 2·7 of the number arrested were released by the Police under Section 169 of the Criminal Procedure Code, against 113 or 1·8 per cent during the previous year, showing that the Police were either hasty or did not use sufficient discretion in making arrests. The total number of persons sent up for trial was 6,362 against 6,614; the number convicted was 3,787 against 4,239 and the number acquitted or discharged was 1,957 against 1,774. The percentage of persons convicted to those arrested was 63·3 against 68·6 for the previous year and that to those actually tried was 65·9 against 70·4.

68. *Statement A, Part II, Persons concerned in Magistrates' Cases.*—2,277 persons appeared before Courts in connection with cases taken up by Magistrates direct and 64 were concerned in cases that were pending at the beginning of the year, against 1,984 and 120, the corresponding figures for the previous year. The total number of persons before Courts was 2,341 against 2,104 during the previous year, of whom 747 were convicted and 1,345 acquitted against 646 and 1,377 respectively. The percentage of persons convicted to persons actually tried was 35·7 against 65·9 in Police cases.

69. The largest number of persons convicted was among the Mahomedans, and then follow Begars, Madigars, Holeyars and Pariahs, then Wakkaligars and Kunchigars and then Sivachars. Waddars, Korachars and Lambanies, who form the criminal classes in the Province, have contributed a comparatively small number in the total number of persons convicted, *viz.*, 118, 123 and 50 against 194, 235 and 71 respectively during the last year. The decrease in the number is due to most of the members of these classes having settled down in life as peaceful citizens.

70. *Previous Convictions.*—Out of a total number of 2,324 persons convicted under Chapters XII and XVII of the Indian Penal Code, previous convictions were proved against 158 persons, against 199 in the previous year, giving a percentage of 6·8 against 7·4. Of these 158 persons, one previous conviction was proved against 81, 2 against 43, 3 against 15, 4 against 6, 5 against 6, 6 against 3, and 7 against 4. In this respect, the Mysore City heads the list with 32·2 per cent of convictions to total number of persons convicted.

71. *Anthropometry.*—The total number of finger impression slips that were in the Central Bureau at the close of the previous year was 5,533 and that received

during the year was 1,625, thus making a total of 7,158 slips in the Bureau on the 30th June 1903. The particulars of the additional slips received during the year are given below :—

Bangalore	173
Kolar	165
Kolar Gold Fields	147
Tumkur	132
Mysore	171
French Rocks	43
Hassan	101
Shimoga	77
Kadur	71
Chitaldrug	82
Civil and Military Station, Bangalore	192
Other Provinces	271
Total	1,625

72. Although there has been a comparative increase in the number of finger impressions taken in all the districts, yet I think there is scope for further improvement in this respect. I am doubtful if the instructions contained in the circulars issued by me during the year have been receiving attention of the Police officers. The districts are still behindhand in taking clear impressions and the attention of the District Officers is invited to this point.

73. During the year under report, 366 slips were received for tracing the antecedents of persons, against 458 in the previous year. Of these, 37 slips were successfully traced, against 31 in the previous year. The particulars of slips received for search and those traced are given below :—

	No. received for search.	No. traced.
Bangalore	19	15
Kolar	3	1
Kolar Gold Fields	24	9
Tumkur	...	...
Mysore	6	1
French Rocks	...	...
Hassan	7	...
Shimoga	...	...
Chitaldrug	3	...
Kadur	...	...
Civil and Military Station, Bangalore	5	1
Madras Presidency	231	9
Lower Provinces of Bengal	23	...
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh	20	...
Hyderabad (Deccan)	22	1
Bombay	3	...
Total	366	37

It will be seen from the above statement that there is a gradual improvement in this work.

74. *Recovery of Stolen Property.*—Statement C appended to the Report shows the amount of property lost and recovered during the year 1902-03. As in the previous year, all the Magistrates not having furnished the figures relating to non-cognizable cases, I shall deal with property appertaining to cognizable cases alone.

75. The total value of property lost was Rs. 1,78,006 in 2,415 cognizable cases and that recovered was Rs. 63,053 in 1,718 cases. The corresponding figures for the previous year were Rs. 1,33,383 in 2,546 cases and Rs. 60,995 in 2,004 cases. With the increase in the amount of property lost there is also increase in the amount recovered, but not in proportion to the increase in the amount lost. The percentage of cases in which property was recovered to those in which it was lost was 71·1 against 78·7 for the previous year, and that of property recovered to that lost was 35·4 against 45·6. These figures include the amount of property concerned in false cases, *i. e.*, cases struck off on B Form and pending on B Form. Taking true cases alone the percentages are 74·3 of cases and 40·5 of property recovered.

76. The results in this respect are not what could be desired. The statement given below shows the percentages pertaining to property in the several districts:—

District.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to those in which it was lost.		Percetage of property recovered to that lost.	
	1901-02	1902-03	1901-02	1902-03
Bangalore	82·05	78·6	44·3	38·3
Kolar	84	87·4	37·2	31·2
Tumkur	82·7	91·1	45·09	46·6
Mysore	92·7	82·1	40·5	68·5
French Rocks	86·6	81·2	55·4	44·1
Hassan	71·9	61·1	29·4	30·2
Shimoga	64·3	50·2	31·6	28·9
Kadur	98·2	77·2	65·3	21·5
Chitaldrug	67·4	63·3	38.8	39·8
Bangalore City	49·3	60·3	51·4	34·9
Mysore City	96·5	83·3	81·04	41·9
Kolar Gold Fields	85·6	74·1	44·8	42·2

77. It will be seen from the above that the Districts of Kolar, Hassan, Shimoga and Kadur have fared very poorly, and this is accounted for by the fact that cases in which large amounts of property were lost occurred at about the close of the year. I may note in this connection that the general tendency on the part of complainants is to exaggerate the loss of property.

78. In a single case of theft of property belonging to the Murgi Matt while the Swami was stopping at Davangere, the loss was valued at Rs. 32,965 by the Matt Agent, while at the outset the Swami was unable to specify the exact loss. The accused concerned in the offence turned out to be the "Chela" of the Swamy and the property recovered from him amounted to Rs. 12,700, leaving a balance of Rs. 20,265. While admitting the serious nature of the offence, it is doubtful whether the agent has been accurate in his estimate of the value of stolen property. It is in such instances that the Police are obliged to record the figure given by the complainant and this contributes in no small measure to swell the value of property lost and affect the result on the whole.

79. A comparative statement of the results under the head "Property stolen and recovered" in cognizable cases with those of the Provinces of the British India is given below:—

Province.	Year.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of property recovered.
Mysore	1902-03	71·1	35·4
Central Provinces	1902	52	33
U. P. Agra and Oudh	1902	38·3	23·5
Lower Provinces of Bengal	1902	30·4	14·4
Bombay	1902	62·65	32·9
Punjab	1902	58·2	40·7

80. *Cases Refused Investigation.*—The total number of cases in which investigation was refused by the Police during the year was 539 against 696 in the previous year. Of these, 10 cases were returned by Magistrates for investigation against 36. The percentage of cases refused investigation to the total number reported during the year was 8·8 against 10·3. This is the lowest figure for the past ten years. The number of cases in which investigation was ordered was 5 in Bangalore, 2 in Hassan and 1 each in Mysore, French Rocks and Bangalore City.

81. *False Cases.*—The total number of cases reported as false during the year was 1,913 against 1,606 during the previous year, showing an increase of 307 cases. Excluding the three cases which ended in conviction as noted in para 38 above, the total number of cases struck off as false was 1,910 against 1,594 in the previous year. The percentage of cases struck off as false to those reported minus refused and transferred was 34·8 against 27·4. It would be an advantage if the Magistrates would

scrutinize the B reports instead of passing a stereotyped order—"Complainant absent, case struck off"—with a view to determine whether complaints are true or false.

82. *Prosecutions for False Complaints.*—Out of 1,232 cases ordered by Magistrates to be struck off as false, mistaken or non-cognizable (column 12 of Statement A., Part III), 63 were declared maliciously false, against 32 in the previous year. Though the results are more favorable than last year's, yet there is, I think, much scope for improvement. There were no such cases in the Chitaldrug District, French Rocks Sub-Division and Bangalore City. In 42 cases sanction to prosecute the complainant was applied for, in 16 it was accorded, but in 18 refused. In the remaining 8, orders were awaited at the close of the year. Prosecutions were undertaken in 12 cases, 2 of which ended in conviction, 2 in acquittal, and the remaining 8 were pending before the Magistrates at the close of the year. Though the Bangalore District had 20 cases declared to be maliciously false, it is to be regretted that no action was taken by the Police to prosecute the parties.

83. In this connection, I beg to reproduce the remarks of Mr. Carlyle, Inspector General of Police, Bengal, with whom I concur: "I think that the reason for "this low number in cases declared maliciously false is the unwillingness on the part "of the Magistrates to burden themselves by declaring a case to be maliciously false "with the probability of their having long and tedious proceedings to conduct before "a case, under Section 211 of the Indian Penal Code, can be brought against the com-"plainant."

84. In addition to the above, prosecutions were instituted under the orders of the District Police Officers in 13 cases against 10 of the previous year. Bangalore District and the Kolar Gold Fields had 5 cases each, Tumkur and Mysore Districts 1 each. All the 5 cases of the Kolar Gold Fields and the case of the Tumkur District ended in conviction. The cases of the Kolar and Mysore Districts were pending before the Magistrates at the close of the year. In the Bangalore District, no action was taken in any of the cases during the year. Prompt action in this respect on the part of the Police with the co-operation of the Magistrates will tend to a great extent to minimize the number of false complaints.

85. *Prosecutions for Perjury.*—Prosecutions were instituted for perjury in 12 cases involving 12 persons (including 3 cases with 3 persons pending from the previous year) against 19 cases involving 25 persons of the previous year. Of these, 4 cases involving 5 persons ended in conviction, 5 in acquittal or discharge and the remaining 3 cases were pending before the Magistrates.

86. *Preventive Measures,—Bad Livelihood Cases.*—The following statement shows the number of prosecutions instituted under the preventive sections of Criminal Procedure compared with that of the previous year:—

District.	Number of cases tried.		Number convicted.		Number of persons arrested.		Number convicted.		Number discharged.		Number pending before Magistrates.		Number sent to Jail for failing to furnish security.		Remarks.
	1901-02.	1902-03.	1901-02	1902-03.	1901-02.	1902-03.	1901-02.	1902-03.	1901-02.	1902-03.	1901-02.	1902-03.	1901-02.	1902-03.	
Bangalore ..	1	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	1	..	{ 1 for 3 years 6 for 3 months.
Kolar ..	2	9	1	8	10	9	1	8	9	1	..	..	1	8*	{ 1 for 1 year.
Tumkur ..	8	2	7	..	51	6	39	..	3	6	..	..	39	..	
Mysore ..	..	3	..	1	..	3	..	1	..	1	..	1	..	1†	† for 3 years.
French Rocks ..	9	3	..	3‡	9	..	..	3	..	..	9	..	..	3	‡ 9 cases pending from previous year: 3 convicted and 6 withdrawn.
Hassan ..	7	9	3	8	6	8	3	6	2	1	1	..	3	8§	§ 4 months each.
Shimoga ..	2	8	1	4	4	18	1	4	3	5	..	9	1	4†	† 4 for 6 months.
Kadur ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Chitaldrug ..	32	2	33	2	33	2	33	2	..	..	..	..	33	2	
Bangalore City ..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
Mysore City ..	..	2	..	2	..	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	..	2¶	¶ 1 for 6 month 1 for 1 year.
Kolar Gold Fields ..	43	10	33	3	60	11	40	3	16	7	4	1	40	3$	$ for 6 months.
Total ..	105	48	79	31	174	59	118	31	33	21	14	11	118	31	

87. 48 cases of this kind were tried by Magistrates against 105 in the previous year; and of these, 31 ended in conviction against 79. 59 persons were arrested against 174 in the previous year, of whom 31 were convicted against 118. All these 31 persons were sent to Jail for failing to furnish the required security. It is disappointing to note that, in spite of repeated instructions, the Bangalore and Kadur Districts and the Bangalore City showed no action in adopting this important preventive measure, and the District Police Officers have furnished no explanation for the omission. The Kolar Gold Fields, which sent up 43 cases with 60 persons during the previous year, took up only 10 cases with 11 persons during the year under report. There is a perceptible decrease in the number of these cases in the Tumkur and Chitaldrug Districts, French Rocks Sub-Division and the Kolar Gold Fields, and I must confess that the explanation of the officers concerned for not enforcing the preventive sections more extensively is far from satisfactory, as is evident from the statistics of crime connected with property. An important case under this head dealt with by the Mysore Police is noted below.

88. During the early part of the year, on information received from the Dharwar Police that a gang of Khandaries of desperate character had left for Mysore in order to commit temple dacoities, the Police in all the taluks of the Mysore District were put on their alert. One Khaja Mahomed *alias* Nishanchi, a Khandari, was found in the Nanjangud Town under suspicious circumstances and was, when questioned, unable to give a satisfactory account of himself. In the enquiry it was ascertained that he was concerned in the commission of the well-known temple dacoity at Cape Comorin. He was, therefore, arrested and placed before the District Magistrate of Mysore, who sentenced him to 3 years' rigorous imprisonment for failing to furnish security for good behaviour. Just at that time, the Police of the Civil and Military Station, Bangalore, gave information to the Mysore City Police that one Bhankat under 12 other names had proceeded towards Mysore and was furnishing information regarding rich temples in Southern India to the Khandaries who were moving about as traders. The Mysore City Police secured him and another Mulla and placed them before the District Magistrate of Mysore for being bound over for good behaviour. Both of them not being able to furnish security were sentenced for a period of 3 years and 6 months respectively. Bhankat died in jail in April last. Intimation of the arrest of Bhankat and Mulla having been given to the Police of the Civil and Military Station, Bangalore, a batch of Khandaries were arrested by them and sentenced to various terms of imprisonment. Thus a number of dangerous temple-breakers were booked during the year. The District Superintendent of Police of the Civil and Military Station, Bangalore, wrote in this connection to Mr. Mahomed Jaffer, Superintendent of Police of the Mysore District, as follows:—

"I write to congratulate you on your great success in these cases, and at the same time to thank you for your kind assistance and the ready co-operation shown by you to me in my cases. The good effect of these cases will, in my opinion, be very far-reaching and will not concern only our small charges but should be felt all through Southern India."

89. *Registration of Houses of Receivers of Stolen Property.*—This is, as already pointed out in the last year's report, another important branch of the preventive measures, and it is a matter for regret that nothing noteworthy has been done in this direction in the Bangalore, Kolar, Tumkur and Kadur Districts, French Rocks Sub-Division and the Kolar Gold Fields. The Superintendent of Police of the French Rocks Sub-Division reports that the work does not seem to have been understood by the Police and that he has in his inspection tours instructed the Police to register the houses of K. Ds. and suspects entered in Class III of the K. D. Register. Bangalore City has registered only one house, while that of Mysore 20. The action in this respect reflects, no doubt, discredit on the Police of the former city. The Assistant Superintendent of Hassan notes in his report that 32 persons entered in the K. D. Register as being habitual receivers of stolen property are being watched and that one of them is undergoing imprisonment in the Mysore Jail. It is evident from this that the order in the matter is not properly understood by the District Police. In the Shimoga District, 4 houses would appear to have been added during the year. According to the Assistant Superintendent of Police of the Chitaldurg District, there is an organized body of burglars at Davangere commanding the sympathy and support of some merchants for the speedy disposal of the stolen property, and the failure

of the Police to bring some of them to book was due to their apathy and indifference. However, in the latest case that occurred at Harihar, the gang has been spotted and charged, while a notorious receiver of Davangere, who had been baffling detection, has been charged and is under trial. The movements of other receivers are being closely watched. The Assistant Superintendent is taking an active interest in this respect.

90. *Register of Suspicious-looking Strangers.*—This register is reported to be maintained in all the villages, but my experience is that it is not the case. It is doubtful whether the Amildars, who are the Heads of Taluk Police, and Inspectors pay any attention to the registry of strangers visiting the villages and of the movements of local bad characters, and whether the Superintendents ever inspect villages in view to check the working of the Village Police. I may also remark that 70 per cent of our Patels are illiterate; they cannot be expected to serve any usefus purpose unless there is improvement in this class of village officers. Nevertheless undue importance is attached by the Magistracy to the generally inaccurate reports of occurrences furnished by such village officers.

91. *Known Depredators.*—This register is maintained in all the stations and also in all the District Offices except Kadur. As the register is useful to check the action of the Police in taluks, the Assistant Superintendent of Police should have it opened at once. During my recent tour of inspection, I noticed that the entries made under the different classes of offenders were not appropriate and some misapprehension exists in this respect. The instructions pertaining to this important register are not properly understood by the Police, and the attention of the District Police Officers is drawn to this work.

92. *Criminal Gangs.*—The permanent resident gangs and the wandering gangs are reported to be watched and escorted as per rules. The revision of the permanent gang register is reported to have been completed in the Tumkur and Hassan Districts, and the other districts are slack in this work. The Assistant Superintendent of Police of the Chitaldrug District reports that a majority of the permanent gangs of Waddars and Lambanies has taken to agricultural and other peaceful avocations and that the schools which have been recently opened for the Lambanies have been doing much good. 17 Patels in the Kolar District are reported to have been punished for dereliction of duty in watching the permanent criminal gangs and in not reporting the arrival and departure of wandering gangs. A wandering gang of Beluchees consisting of 24 males, 20 females and 61 children arrived at Sukravarasante in the Manjarabad Taluk. Two men and a woman of the gang committed theft of property worth Rs. 180 in the house of a Shanbhog on the roadside. In the search of their encampment, the Police were assaulted, notwithstanding which they succeeded in finding two of the stolen articles. These Beluchees were prosecuted for the offences of house-breaking and theft and assault, with the result that 12 men and 1 woman were convicted and sentenced to various terms of imprisonment. In this connection it may be stated that Mr. Humza Hussein acted with commendable tact and promptitude. In the Tumkur District many wandering Korachar gangs are reported to have taken up lands in the Taluks of Sira, Maddagiri, Chiknayakanhalli, Tiptur and Gubbi and have evinced much earnestness to settle down permanently near their present encampments. I may here state that by a systematic and continuous policy of granting lands on easy terms, it is possible to induce these criminal tribes to settle down as peaceful agriculturists.

93. *Non-cognizable Crime.*—Statements B I and B II appended to the Report show the non-cognizable crime and the persons concerned therein dealt with during the year. 7,389 cases were instituted by complaint and 512 taken up by the Magistrates of their own motion or upon information from the Police, making a total of 7,901 cases against 7,654 during the previous year. Of these, 195 cases were referred to the Police for investigation against 259 during the previous year. There is a perceptible fall in the number of referred cases.

94. *Arrests by Village Police.*—During the year under report the Village Police were instrumental in arresting persons in 53 cases against 72. Of these, 35 ended in conviction against 49. 89 persons were arrested by the Village Police against 114. Of these, 62 were convicted, 15 acquitted or discharged, 7 released and 5 were pending before Magistrates at the close of the year, the corresponding figures for the previous year being 66, 23, 11 and 4 respectively. The Shimoga District had the

It will be seen from the above that decrease is noticed under all the heads except "Culpable homicide," "Drinking," "Neglect or want" and "Other causes." The number of deaths by mining accidents included under the head "Accidental deaths" was 59 against 123 during the previous year.

99. *Suicides.*—The total number of persons who committed suicide during the year was 211 against 254 in the previous year, showing a decrease of 43 persons, as shown below :—

By drowning	149
By hanging	47
By poison	4
By weapons	5
By other means	6
Total ...	211

Of the 211 persons who committed suicide, there were 112 males and 99 females. The causes, as far as could be ascertained, for committing suicide were incurable and unbearable diseases, domestic quarrels, insanity, deaths of near and dear relatives from plague, wife's infidelity and husband's ill-treatment.

100. *Proportion of cases investigated by the Amildars, Inspectors, etc.*—The following statement shows the number of cases investigated by the Amildars and Deputy Amildars, Inspectors and Chief Constables, Jamadars and Head Constables and Sergeants and Daffadars during the year :—

Districts.	Number of cases investigated by—					Remarks
	Amildars and Deputy Amildars	Inspectors and Chief Constables	Jamadars and Head Constables	Daffadars and Sergeants	Total	
Bangalore	12	91	122	276	501	
Kolar	3	144	111	174	432+4 by Assistant Supt. of Police.	
Tumkur	15	69	132	208	424	
Mysore	14	98	138	176	426	
French Rocks	3	45	41	189	278	
Hassan	5	82	139	176	402	
Shimoga	4	52	132	158	346	
Kadur	6	45	100	185	336	
Chitaldrug	13	176	148	326	663	
Bangalore City	...	19	153	28	200	
Mysore City	...	43	89	2	134	
Kolar Gold Fields	...	249	642	93	975	
Railway Police	...	12	9	10	31	
Total ...	75	1,119	1,956	2,001	5,131+4 by Assistant Supt. of Police.	

The percentage of cases investigated by the different classes of officers are 1·2 for Amildars and Deputy Amildars, 21·8 for Inspectors and Chief Constables, 36·1 for Jamadars and Head Constables and 38·9 for Daffadars and Sergeants, against ·9, 19·2, 42·4 and 37·3 respectively, during the previous year. It is satisfactory to note that there was an improvement in the investigation work by the Amildars and Inspectors. The investigation by Daffadars and Sergeants increased in number and this is explained by the fact that only cases of trivial nature were handled by these officers. Amildars investigated 15 cases in the Tumkur District, 14 in Mysore, 13 in Chitaldrug and 12 in the Bangalore District. Only 3 cases were investigated in the French Rocks Sub-Division, and these were complaints against Police officers in the Malvalli Taluk. Mr. Kesar Singh, Amildar, investigated them. Barring the Gold Fields, in which 240 cases were investigated by Inspectors and Chief Constables, the largest number, *viz.*, 176, was investigated by Inspectors in the Chitaldrug District, next in order come Kolar with 144, Mysore with 98, Bangalore with 94 and

Hassan with 82. Kadur and French Rocks had the smallest number investigated by them, *viz.*, 45 each. The largest number of investigations by Daffadars was in the Chitaldrug and Bangalore Districts with 326 and 276 cases respectively. The smallest number, *viz.*, 158, was in the Shimoga District. It is desirable that a large share of the investigation work should not be left to the subordinate officers.

101. *Results of Sessions Trials.*—The following statement shows the results of cases at the Sessions during the year 1902-03 :—

Districts.	Cases ending in conviction.	Cases ending in acquittal	Percentage of convictions to cases tried in the Sessions.	Number of Sessions cases.	Number of cases in which Supdt. of Police was present.	Persons convicted by the Sessions Judge.	Persons acquitted.	Percentage of convictions to persons tried in the Sessions.	Remarks.
Bangalore	7	3	70·0	10	2	8	7	53·3	
Kolar	8	3	72·7	11	4	14	7	66·6	
Tumkur	5	2	71·4	7	2	5	8	38·4	
Mysore	3	6	33·3	9	9	3	14	17·6	
French Rocks	1*	2	33·3	3	1	1	4	20	* 1 case pending from previous year.
Hassan	4	4	50·0	8	4	8	25	24·2	
Shimoga	8	5	61·5	13	10	15	24	38·4	
Kadur	6	...	100	6	6	11	...	100	
Chitaldrug	6	2	75	8	8	19	16	54·2	
Bangalore City ...	7	...	100	7	1	19	1	95	
Mysore City	3	...	100	3	3	21†	...	100	† One man was concerned in 2 cases.
Kolar Gold Fields ...	6	2	75	8	...	12	13	48	
Railway Police	...	1	...	1	...	...	3	...	
Total ...	64	30	68·08	94‡	50	117	122	48·9	‡ 1 case pending from previous year.

102. It will be seen from the above that there were 94 Sessions trials in the year, against 102 of the previous year. The percentage of convictions to cases tried was 68·08 against 53·6, and that of persons convicted to those tried was 48·9, against 35 during the previous year. These results may be said to be satisfactory. It is gratifying to note that the Kadur District and the Cities of Bangalore and Mysore secured convictions in all the cases sent up to the Sessions, Chitaldrug and the Kolar Gold Fields in 75 per cent of the cases, Kolar in 72·7, Tumkur in 71·4 and Bangalore in 70 per cent. The other districts and the French Rocks Sub-Division fared worse, having percentages below the Provincial average.

103. *Attendance of Superintendents at the Sessions.*—The Superintendents or Assistant Superintendents of Mysore, Kadar, Chitaldrug in particular and of Shimoga to some extent attended the Courts of Sessions to watch the prosecution, and the others failed to do so on unsatisfactory grounds. The importance of being present at the trial of Sessions cases cannot be overrated, and any omission, except in unavoidable circumstances, will have to be viewed with displeasure.

104. *Investigation of Heinous Cases by Superintendents of Police and Amildars.*—Out of 492 heinous cases reported during the year, 118 were investigated by the Superintendents and Assistant Superintendents of Police and 69 by Amildars. The former class of officers devoted 307 days to investigation and examined 618 witnesses, and the latter 299 days and 595 witnesses. Of these cases, the Superintendents and Assistant Superintendents investigated 23 fully and 95 partially, the figures for the Amildars and Deputy Amildars being 35 and 34 respectively.

105. The following statement exhibits the work of the several Districts in this respect:—

Districts.	Number of cases reported.	Number of cases investigated by Superintendents or Assistant Superintendents.	Number of cases investigated by Amildars or Deputy Amildars.	Number of persons.				By Superintendents or Assistant Superintendents of Police		By Amildars or Deputy Amildars.		Remarks.	
				Arrested.	Convicted.	Acquitted or discharged.	Pending.	Number of days devoted to investigation.	Number of witnesses examined.	Number of days devoted to investigation.	Number of witnesses examined.	Whether fully or partially.	Continued by whom.
Bangalore ...	39	5	14	18	5	9	4	6	20	43	61	By Superintendent of Police 5 partially ... By Amildars 9 fully and 5 partially.	By Amildars and Inspectors.
Kolar ...	32	15	6	14	10	2	2	47	82	20	55	By Assistant Superintendent, 3 fully and 12 partially; by Amildars 3 fully and 3 partially.	3 by Amildars; 1 by Head-quarter Inspector and 11 by Inspectors.
Tumkur ...	41	6	16	26	9	16	2*	30	33	84	184	By Superintendent 2 fully and 4 partially ... By Amildars 9 fully and 4 partially.	By Amildars and Inspectors. *1 person of previous year.
Mysore ...	41	13	5	36†	26	23	3	44	151	32	86	By Superintendent 7 fully and 5 partially ... By Amildars 5 fully.	By Inspectors † 3 released and 1 died.
French Rocks ...	21	6	1	4‡	...	3	...	11	17	4	16	By Superintendent 6 partially ... By Amildar 1 fully.	By Inspectors. ‡ 1 released.
Hassan ...	57	20	7	72	6	26	40	*51	129	26	64	By Superintendent 20 partially ... By Amildars 4 fully and 3 partially.	By Amildars and Inspectors.
Shimoga ...	64	19	4	34	17	7	10	34	77	23	39	By Superintendent 19 partially ... By Amildars 1 fully and 3 partially.	By Amildars and Inspectors.
Kadur ...	28	8	5	7	4	3	...	3	...	14	28	By Superintendent 3 partially ... By Amildars 3 fully and 2 partially.	By Amildars and Inspectors.
Chitaldrug ...	66	21	9	53‖	20	13	8	89	199	5	62	By Assistant Superintendent 21 partially ... By Amildars 9 partially.	Do § 12 released
Bangalore City ...	23	1	...	2	1	1	...	....	...	...	...	By Superintendent of Police fully.	
Mysore City ...	19	...	...	..	...	...	...	....	...	...	...		
Kolar Gold Fields ...	58	10	2	9	9	...	...	10	...	...	...	By Superintendent 10 fully. The Superintendent of Police is reported to have personally investigated, in addition to these, all important cases on the Fields. The Amildar of Bowringpet partially investigated 2 cases, but the Amildars of Malur and Mulbagal did not investigate any.	
Total ...	402	118	69	295¶	107	103	69‖	367	618	299	595	By Superintendents 23 fully and 35 partially ... By Amildars 35 fully and 34 partially ...	By Amildars and Inspectors. ¶ 16 released and 1 died. ‖ Including 1 person pending from previous year.

The part taken by the Superintendents and Assistant Superintendents in the investigation of heinous cases is susceptible of much improvement. Unless the superior officers take an active part in this work, it is idle to expect the subordinate officers to work loyally and zealously. I would, therefore, insist upon the District Police Officers to take a larger share in the investigation of such cases in future.

106. *Licenses and Prosecutions under the Arms and Game Regulations.*—The following statement shows the number of licenses issued under the Arms and Game and Fish Preservation Regulations as required in Government Proceedings No. 2-10—J. M., dated 2nd July 1903:—

District	Arms Regulation										Game and Fish Preservation Regulation											
	Licenses	Cases				Persons					Licenses	Cases				Persons						
	No. issued	No. prosecuted	No. convicted	No. acquitted	No. pending	No. prosecuted	No. convicted	No. acquitted	No. pending		No. issued	No. prosecuted	No. convicted	No. acquitted	No. pending	No. prosecuted	No. convicted	No. acquitted	No. pending			
Bangalore ...	2,304	91	87	2	2	91	87	2	2		41	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Kolar ...	819	10	10	...	...	10	10	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Tumkur ...	2,036	18	15	1	2	*17	16	...	...		...	2	2	...	...	10	10	...	...			
Mysore ...	910	11	10	1	...	13	16	3	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
French Rocks ...	234	1	1	...	...	1	1	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Hassan ...	794	11	9	2	...	†11	9	...	...		41	1	...	1	...	2	...	...	...		*1 Died.	
Shimoga ...	2,931	43	39	4	...	45	40	5	...		9	2	1	1	...	10	9	1	...			
Kadur ...	1,305	14	11	1	2	22	11	9	2		81	8	4	1	3	26	11	6	9			
Chitaldrug ...	598	9	5	4	...	11	7	4	...		...	1	1	...	...	3	2	1	...			
Bangalore City ...	142	10	7	1	2	8	7	1	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Mysore City ...	141	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	2	2	...	...	9	9	...	...			
Kolar Gold Fields ...	157	3	3	...	...	4	4	...	...		44	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Total ...	11,414	221	197	16	8	‡333	292	24	4		216	16	10	3	3	60	41	10	9		*1 Died. †2 Died. ‡3 Died.	

in the year under report. The increase under item 3 "Kolar Gold Fields" is accounted for by the fact that a sum of Rs. 8,074-6-5 spent for Police buildings in the Kolar Gold Fields during the year has been included. The enhanced pay of the Inspector General of Police mostly accounts for the increase under item 1.

112. The average cost of a policeman calculated on the actual strength and on the total expenditure comes to Rs. 186-9-7 when the Land Revenue charges debitable to the Police budget are taken into account, and to Rs. 180-14-4 when these charges are excluded. The average cost of a Policeman in this Province compared with that of the Provinces of British India is given below:—

Province.	Year.	Cost.
		Rs. a. p.
Mysore	1902-03	186 9 7 or 180 14 4
Bengal	1902	214 8 4
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh	1902	190 3 0
Central Provinces	1902	166 2 7
Madras	1902	201 4 10
Bombay	1902	213 8 5
Punjab	1902	194 9 11

113. *Policemen lent to Private Individuals.*—During the year under report, 1 Inspector, 1 Jamadar, 3 Daffadars and 210 Constables were lent to private individuals on the usual conditions of payment. Of these, 1 Inspector, 1 Jamadar, 3 Daffadars and 13 Constables were lent for the Police Administration of the Yelandur Jaghir, 4 Constables for the Marikanave Works, 2 Constables to guard the treasure in the Executive Engineer's office at Betamangala Water Works, and 4 Constables to guard the Curzon Park at Mysore. The loan of the remaining men was made to private individuals and concerns to guard their houses and property. As remarked in the last year's report, the practice of lending Policemen indiscriminately to private individuals being opposed to the provisions of the Police Act and tending to the abuse of their services and to the demoralization of the efficiency of the Force, orders have been issued in the year putting a stop to the system.

114. *Hutting and Building.*—The following are the original works and repairs that were taken up during the year by the Public Works Department:—

	Rs. a. p.
(i) Police Station and Lines at Korehalli, Channarayapatna Taluk ...	1,492 0 0
(ii) Compensation for lands taken up for Police Lines at Arsikere ...	6 2 0
(iii) Constructing a rain gauge at Kadagole Police Station, Srinivaspur Taluk.	7 11 0
(iv) Constructing a rain-gauge pedestal near the Police Station at Bargur, Tumkur District	10 2 2
(v) Do do at Dandinsivara ...	9 10 8
(vi) Ceiling the Lock-up of the Police Station at Huliyurdurga, Kunigal Taluk	80 5 1
Total for Original Works ...	1,605 14 11
Repairs executed by Public Works Department, etc. ...	105 1 11

107. It will be seen from the above that 11,414 licenses were issued during the year under the Arms Regulation in all the districts. 221 cases under this Regulation were prosecuted, of which 197 ended in conviction, 16 in acquittal, and 8 were pending at the close of the year. 253 persons were prosecuted in connection with these cases, of whom 202 were convicted, 24 acquitted, 3 died and 4 were under trial at the close of the year.

108. 216 licenses were issued under the Game and Fish Preservation Regulation. 16 cases were prosecuted, 10 ended in conviction, 3 in acquittal, and the remaining 3 were pending before the Magistrates at the close of the year. 60 persons were prosecuted in connection with these cases, of whom 41 were convicted, 10 acquitted, and 9 were under trial at the close of the year.

PART III—GENERAL ADMINISTRATION.

109. *Regular Police.*—Statement E appended to the report furnishes details as regards the strength, cost, distribution and employment of the Police Force during the year 1902-03. The sanctioned strength of the permanent Police Force was 883 officers and 5,041 men, against 881 and 5,029 respectively in the previous year. The only additional establishment sanctioned during the year was 2 Daffadars and 12 Constables for the Chikballapur Town. The actual strength on the last day of June 1903 was 860 officers and 4,560 men against 856 and 4,685 in the previous year. The number of vacancies at the close of the year was 23 officers and 181 men. The number of vacancies among Constables is strikingly large and this is due to the abolition of the *Badli* system ordered by me during the year. The District Officers have been impressed with the necessity of employing only men of good physique and standard height as well as of good character. Some difficulty is experienced in recruiting men to the Bangalore City Force especially owing to the small pay now sanctioned. Ordinary coolies earn more than what a Constable is paid and the disparity of pay to a Constable in the City and Civil and Military Station is striking as the latter gets a rupee more than our men.

110. *Cost of the Police.*—The actual cost of the Police Administration during the year of report, as per figures furnished by the Comptroller was Rs. 10,11,377 against Rs. 9,62,957-9-4 in the previous year, showing an increase of Rs. 48,419-6-8, as per particulars shown below, the sanctioned amount being Rs. 10,24,000 :—

No.	Particulars	1901-02.	1902-03.
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
1	Head quarters	81,181 12 10	86,024
2	City Police of Bangalore and Mysore	74,503 1 7	76,272
3	Kolar Gold Fields Police	8,153 9 10	89,323
4	Detective Police maintained by contributions from the Mining Companies	7,815 9 10	10,305
5	Special Reserve Police Force	33,213 6 7	34,157
6	Executive Rural Police	6,14,084 8 4	6,74,008
7	Railway Police	11,837 8 7	10,300
8	Punitive Police	.....	.....
9	Refunds	8 1 0	63
10	Add share of Land Revenue charges debitable to Police budget.	23,759 9 4	30,915
	Total ...	9,62,957 9 4	10,11,377

111. There is a noticeable increase of Rs. 39,923-7-8 under item 6 "Executive Rural Police" which is principally due to the supply of full clothing and accoutrements to the Police Force and also swords to all the Inspectors and Chief Constables

115. Besides the above, the amount spent by Deputy Commissioners on repairs to Police buildings is given below :—

				Rs.	a.	p.
Bangalore	...	...	...	1,859	7	2
Kolar	...	...	...	798	10	9
Tumkur	...	...	...	738	11	2
Mysore	...	...	...	852	0	3
Hassan	...	...	...	848	0	11
Shimoga	...	...	...	863	0	2
Kadur	...	...	...	392	0	6
Chitaldrug	...	...	...	195	12	7
		Total	...	6,547	11	6

116. In all, a sum of Rs. 8,558-12-4 was expended on the construction of and repairs to Police buildings.

117. In addition to the above, a sum of Rs. 3,043-1-1 was spent for Police Superintendent's quarters, and of Rs. 8,074-6-5 for the Police Lines and Inspector's and Chief Constable's quarters in the Kolar Gold Fields.

118. It has been repeatedly brought to the notice of Government that the mofussil Police are working at a great disadvantage owing to the want of Station Houses and Lines. In out-of-the-way places, especially in the malnad and semi-malnad tracts, it is a matter of difficulty for Policemen to get any kind of accommodation, and consequently they are compelled to absent themselves constantly and sometimes desert the service also.

119. The providing of accommodation is therefore a matter of paramount importance and requires the early attention of Government. A proposal had been made for enhancing the allotment for Police buildings. But this did not receive the favorable consideration of the Government.

120. I take this opportunity of pointing out that, owing to the paucity of funds, the Deputy Commissioners are not able to execute timely repairs to the Police buildings which in consequence are deteriorating and may necessitate re-construction in the near future. To remedy this it is desirable that a lump sum in the Police budget be allotted and placed at my disposal for distribution to districts according to their requirements, so that their repairs may be executed under departmental supervision.

121. *Statement F.*—Statement F gives details of the internal organization of the Police and of the punishments, rewards, enlistments, deaths, etc. 496 officers and men were enlisted during the year, against 598 in the previous year. The Bangalore City heads the list with 65 enlistments, then come Kolar Gold Fields with 54, Shimoga District with 51, and the Mysore District with 49. The number of deaths in the Force was 146 officers and men or 2·7 per cent against 1·5, on the actual strength. This heavy mortality is attributable to the prevalence of plague.

122. *Punishment.*—The year's record of punishments is somewhat heavy. 10 officers and 129 men were dismissed the service, against 7 and 89, and 201 officers and 1,214, men were fined, degraded or suspended, against 167 and 1,147 respectively in the previous year. The percentage of officers and men punished departmentally to the actual strength was 28·7, against 25·4 of the previous year. The amount of fine realized during the year was Rs. 492-5-5, against Rs. 526-0-9 in the previous year.

123. *Black Marks.*—During the year under report, 65 officers and 179 men were awarded black marks for dereliction of duty, against 92 and 159 respectively in the previous year. While there was a decrease of 27 in the number of officers

awarded black marks, there was an increase of 20 in the number of men so punished. The Shimoga District, with 8 officers and 48 men, and the Kolar Gold Fields, with 1 officer and 59 men, were the foremost in resorting to this mode of punishment.

124. *Judicial Punishments.*—6 officers and 36 men were convicted for offences against 1 officer and 36 men in the previous year. The percentage of officers and men convicted judicially was ·7 against ·6 in the previous year. 2 officers and 12 men were convicted for neglect of duty under the Police Rules, 8 men for negligently allowing prisoners to escape from their custody, 6 men for theft, 1 officer and 1 man for wrongful confinement, 1 man for extortion, and the remaining officers and men for other offences under the Indian Penal Code.

125. *Rewards.*—134 officers and men were rewarded by promotion and 253 by presents, good conduct stripes and money rewards for meritorious services rendered by them against 72 and 259 respectively in the previous year. Of the 253 officers and men rewarded by presents, etc., 154 were given money rewards amounting to Rs. 781 against 137 and Rs. 670-8-0 respectively in the previous year. Besides these, 56 private individuals and others were given money rewards amounting to Rs. 279. The total amount expended from the allotment under the head "Reward for good service to Policemen and others" was Rs. 1,010 against Rs. 954 in the previous year.

126. *Education.*—97·4 per cent of officers and 49·3 per cent of the men out of the actual strength are literate, the percentages for the previous year being 96·5 and 49·4 respectively.

127. *Castes of Officers and Men in the Force.*—Statement G appended to the Report shows the religion, race or castes of the officers and men employed in the Police. It will be seen therefrom that the actual strength of 859 officers and 4,560 men is distributed castewar as follows :—

No.		Officers	Men	Percentage to actual strength	
				Officers	Men
1	Brahmins	350	593	41·9	13
2	Mahomedans	221	1,736	25·7	38·07
3	Other Hindus	288	2,231	33·5	48·9
	Total ...	859	4,560	...	...

129. It will be seen from the above, that all the stations and outposts in the Kolar and Tumkur Districts, the Kolar Gold Fields, and the Cities of Bangalore and Mysore, have been inspected by the respective Superintendents and Assistant Superintendents of Police. The Shimoga District had the largest number of stations and outposts, *viz.*, 28, not visited by the Superintendent, then come Mysore with 27, Kadur 20, Chitaldrug 12 and French Rocks 5. Only one Head Station was not inspected in the Bangalore District and one outpost in the Hassan District. As regards the number of days travelled, the Assistant Superintendent of Police of the Chitaldrug District heads the list with 231 days, then come the Superintendent of the Bangalore District with 228 days, and of Tumkur with 214 days. The Superintendent of Police of the Kolar Gold Fields has travelled the smallest number of days, *viz.*, 25, and it is reported that he travelled these 25 days outside the Gold Fields, but that he went on his rounds in the Fields daily. The Deputy Commissioners have inspected as many stations as they could conveniently do in the midst of their other multifarious duties, and it is gratifying to find that the Deputy Commissioners of Bangalore, Tumkur, Shimoga, Kadur and Chitaldrug have inspected a tolerably large number of stations.

130. *Inspector General's Inspection.*—In the months of September, October, November and December 1902, and February, March, April and June 1903, I was out on tour of inspection and inspected 3 District Offices, 27 Head Stations, and 27 Sub-stations, travelling 478 miles by road and 782 miles by rail. The details of the offices and the stations inspected by me are given in the following statement :—

Month	District	Taluk	No. of stations, etc., inspected			No. of miles travelled		No. of days spent out of head-quarters
			District Office	Head Stations	Sub-stations	By road	By rail	
September	Tumkur	Tumkur and Gubbi	1	2	...	13	93	6
October	Mysore		...	...	...	...	172	9
November	Bangalore	Bangalore and Nelamangala	...	1	2	220	...	35
	Tumkur	Kunigal	...	1	2			
	French Rocks	Nagamangala	...	...	2			
	Hassan	Channarayapatna and Arsikere	...	3	2			
	Kadur	Kadur	...	2	3			
	Chitaldrug	Hosdurga, Holalkere and Chitaldrug	1	4	4			
December	Chitaldrug	Chitaldrug and Hiriyur	...	2	2	129	43	15
	Tumkur	Sira, Maddagiri and Koratagere	...	3	3			
February	Kolar	Kolar Gold Fields	...	...	...	...	106	1
March	French Rocks	Maudya	...	4	1	...	55	11
	Bangalore	Channapatna and Closepet						
April	Kolar	Kolar Gold Fields	...	...	...	...	106	2
June	Mysore	Mysore, Nanjangud, Gundlupet and Chamrajnagar	1	5	7	117	202	25
		Total	3	27	27	478	782	94

123. *Inspection of Stations by District Police Officers.*—The following statement shows the number of stations and outposts inspected by the Deputy Commissioners, Superintendents and Assistant Superintendents of Police during the year 1902-03 :—

District	No. of stations in the district				Visited by the Deputy Commissioner or Sub-Division Officer				Visited by the Superintendent or Assistant Superintendent of Police								No. of days travelled	No. of miles travelled		No. of stations not visited				Remarks
	Head Station	Sub-station	Outpost	Total	Head Station	Sub-station	Outpost	Total	Head Station		Sub-station		Outpost		Total			By road	By rail	Head Station	Sub-station	Outpost	Total	
									Once	More than once	Once	More than once	Once	More than once	Once	More than once								
Bangalore ...	12	53	4	69	10	17	3	30	11	1	50	3	1	3	62	7	228	1,743	1,494	1	...	...	1	*By Sub-Division Officer.
Kolar ...	10	32	5	47	6	3	...	9	10	...	32	...	5	...	47	...	190	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Tumkur ...	13	53	45	111	7	23	6	36	7	4	25	44	17	4	49	52	214	1,909	2,266	...	...	...	...	
Mysore ...	9	45	23	79	3	4	...	7	5	13	16	13	6	2	27	29	108	372	1,457	...	12	15	27	
French Rocks ...	6	31	7	44	*3	*2	...	*5	2	4	18	9	2	4	22	17	125	1,005	1,123	...	4	1	5	*By Sub-Division Officer.
Hassan ...	10	36	10	56	4	3	...	7	9	1	29	7	8	1	46	9	146	442	2,918	...	...	1	1	
Shimoga ...	10	46	31	87	2	10	7	19	2	7	16	17	10	7	23	31	109	585	1,627	1	13	14	28	
Kadur ...	8	28	21	57	2	9	1	12	8	1	17	7	12	...	37	18	172	1,393	430	...	11	9	20	
Chitaldrug ...	11	54	11	76	3	8	...	11	13	4	59	9	3	...	75	13	231	534	2,510	...	4	8	12	
Bangalore City ...	1	11	4	16	1	10	4	15	...	6	...	7	...	4	...	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	†Outside the Gold Fields. The Superintendent goes on his rounds in the Fields daily.
Mysore City ...	8	11	11	19	...	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	11	...	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Kolar Gold Fields ...	6	14	3	23	5	6	2	13	2	4	9	5	2	1	13	10	†25	500	145	...	...	...	...	

131. *District Officers.*—The following statement shows the names of the District Police Officers and the periods they were in charge of each district:—

District	Office	Name of Officer	Period	
			From	To
Bangalore ..	Superintendent of Police ...	Mr. C. Haudin ...	1st July 02	10th May 03
	Assistant Superintendent of Police ...	„ C. Syeduddin Hussein ...	16th May 03	30th June 03
Kolar ..	Do ...	„ Y. V. Krishnamurti Rao ...	1st July 02	9th June 03
	Assistant Commissioner ...	„ N. Gopalcngar ..	10th June 03	30th June 03
Tumkur ..	Superintendent of Police ...	„ L. Krishna Rao ...	1st July 02	30th June 03
Mysore ..	Assistant Superintendent of Police ...	„ Mahomed Jaffer ...	1st July 02	30th June 03
	Do ...	„ Mahomed Zahiruddin Meccai ..	1st July 02	18th October 02
French Rocks ..	Sub-Division Officer ...	„ P. Srinivas Rao ...	19th October 02	23rd October 02
	Do ...	„ K. S. Dorasami Iyer ...	24th October 02	17th Nov. 02
	Do ...	„ C. B. Seshagiri Rao ...	18th Nov. 02	5th January 03
	Do ...	„ P. Srinivasa Rao ...	6th January 03	22nd January 03
	Do ...	„ N. Venkata Rao ...	23rd January 03	5th April 03
	Superintendent of Police ...	„ G. Krishna Rao ...	6th April 03	30th June 03
Hassan ..	Do ...	„ M. Humza Hussein ...	1st July 02	5th January 03
	Assistant Commissioner ...	„ K. Chandy ...	6th January 03	1st March 03
	Acting Assistant Superintendent of Police ...	„ M. Gulam Mohidin Khan ...	2nd March 03	30th June 03
Shimoga ...	Superintendent of Police ...	„ G. Krishna Rao ...	1st July 02	30th March 03
	Assistant Commissioner ..	„ C. Narayan Rao ...	1st April 03	17th May 03
	Superintendent of Police ...	„ C. Haudin ...	18th May 03	30th June 03
Kadur ..	Do ...	„ Nagar Subba Rao ...	1st July 02	7th June 03
	Assistant Commissioner in charge of Police ...	„ C. D. Ramaswamiah ...	8th June 03	18th June 03
	Assistant Commissioner ...	„ P. G. D'Souza ...	19th June 03	30th June 03
Chitaldrug ..	Assistant Superintendent of Police ...	„ C. Narayan Rao ...	1st July 02	22nd December 02
	Do ...	„ Mahomed Zahiruddin Meccai ...	23rd December 02	30th June 03
Kolar Gold Fields ..	Superintendent of Police ...	„ P. B. Thomas ...	1st July 03	30th June 03

132. During the year under report, several circulars were issued from time to time to ensure the efficiency of the working of the Department and were published in the Mysore Police Gazette. I refrain from reiterating the same here.

133. *Important Events.*—The most important events of the year were the Installation of His Highness the Maharaja, and the visit of His Excellency Lord Curzon, Viceroy and Governor-General of India.

134. *Concluding Remarks.*—The year under report was a prosperous one and is marked with a decrease of crime on the whole. There was no disturbance from organized gangs of dacoits from outside the Province. Notwithstanding the prevalence of plague and the additional work thrown on the Police in consequence, they worked with unrelaxed activity. Though the results of the Police action are not what could be desired, still I consider that this does not afford sufficient data for judging the efficiency of the Force. The falling off in this respect is due to several causes, such as want of a proper prosecuting agency, etc., not within the control of the Police. The idiosyncrasies of a Magistrate or Court do, to some extent, affect the results of cases sent up for trial as one Magistrate or Court regards with doubt the evidence which is relied upon by another. However, taking the most important cases of murder and dacoity, the results are better than those of the previous year.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,
C. MADIAH,
Inspector General of Police.

STATEMENT

PART I.—Return of cognizable cases instituted by complaint to a

Serial No.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	Number remaining for disposal from previous year. (b)	Number of complaints (a) and cases instituted *suo motu* by a Magistrate.	Number of complaints dismissed after examining the complainant (Section 203, Criminal Procedure Code.)	Number of cases referred for investigation to the Police.	Number otherwise investigated before issue of process.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	115	Abetment of offence not committed, &c. ..	..	..	..	..	..
	117	Abetting commission of offence by public, &c.	..	..	..	..	..
	118,119	Concealing design to commit offence, &c. ..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	..	..	..	..	..
		Class I—Offences against the State Public Tranquillity, Safety and Justice.					
2	131 to 136, 138 ..	Offences relating to Army and Navy ..	..	..	..	..	..
3	231 to 263, 467 and 471.	Offences relating to coin, stamps and Government notes.	..	..	..	..	..
4	212 to 216 ..	Harbouring an offender	..	..	..	..	..
5	224 to 226 ..	Other offences against public justice ..	..	2	..	..	2
6	143 to 153, 157, 158.	Rioting or unlawful assembly	4	20	1	10	1
7	140, 170, 171. ..	Personating public servant or soldier ..	..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	4	22	1	10	3
		Class II—Serious Offences against the Person.					
8		by thugs	..	..	..	..	..
9		by dacoits	..	..	..	..	..
10	302, 303, 396 ..	Murder .. by robbers	..	..	..	..	..
11		by poison	..	..	..	..	..
12		Other murders ..	..	..	..	..	..
13	307	Attempts at murder	1	..	..	..	..
14	304, 308 ..	Culpable homicide	..	..	..	..	..
15	376 ..	Rape	1	7	..	5	..
16	377 ..	Unnatural offences	..	1	..	..	..
17	317, 318 ..	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth.	..	1	..	..	..
18	305, 306, 309 ..	Attempt at and abetment of suicide ..	..	..	..	..	..
19	329, 331, 333 ..	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant.	..	..	..	..	..
20	325, 326, 335 ..	Grievous hurt	2	12	..	2	2
21	328 ..	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt.	..	..	..	..	..
22	327, 330, 332 ..	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant.	2	1	..	1	..

A.

Magistrate or by a Magistrate *suo motu* in the Mysore State in the year 1902-03.

Number dismissed after investigation under Section 203, Criminal Procedure Code.	Number remaining for trial. (*d*)	Number declared by a Court after trial never to have occurred or to be mistakes or law or fact.	Number in which the Court held that a noncognizable offence only was committed.	Number of cognizable offences committed that were tried (*d*)				Percentage of convictions to total of columns XV and XVI.	Number of cognizable offences that were under investigation or trial at the close of the year.	Remarks.
				Not referred to the Police for investigation.		Referred to the Police for investigation.				
				Ending in discharge or acquittal (*e*).	Ending in conviction (*f*).	Ending in discharge or acquittal.	Ending in conviction.			
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	2	..	..	1	1	..	..	..	..	
5	18	3	1	5	2	..	1	100	6	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
5	20	3	1	6	3	..	1	100	6	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
1	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
2	6	2	..	2	..	..	..	..	2	
..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	
..	1	..	..	1	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
1	13	1	..	6	4	1	..	..	1	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	
..	3	..	..	2	..	1	..	..	..	

STATEMENT

PART I—Return of cognizable cases instituted by complaint to a

Serial No.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	Number remaining for disposal from previous year. (b)	Number of complaints (c) and cases instituted *suo motu* by a Magistrate.	Number of complaints dismissed after examining the complainant (Section 203, Criminal Procedure Code.)	Number of cases referred for investigation to the Police.	Number otherwise investigated before issue of process.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
23	324 ..	Hurt by dangerous weapons	2	38	...	14	7
24	363 to 369 ..	Kidnapping or abduction	3	21	4	9	...
25	346 to 348 ..	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purpose of extortion.	2	2	...	...	...
26	372, 373 ..	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a minor for prostitution.	...	...	...	...	...
27	371 ..	Habitually dealing in slaves	...	...	...	...	...
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ..	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine.	6	42	1	11	5
29	304A, 338 ..	Rash or negligent act causing death or grevious hurt.	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ..	19	125	5	42	14
		Class III—Serious Offences against the person and property or against property only.					
30	395, 397, 398 ..	Dacoity	...	6	...	4	...
31	399, 402 ..	Preparation and assembly for dacoity ..	...	...	...	...	...
32	394, 397, 398 ..	Robbery with hurt. — by poisonous or stupefying drugs.	...	...	...	...	...
		Robbery with hurt. — by other means. ..	...	1	...	1	...
33	392, 393 ..	Robbery .. — in dwelling house ..	...	2	...	2	...
		Robbery .. — on the highway between sunset and sunrise.					
		Robbery .. — Other robberies.	4	24	2	18	2
34	270, 281, 282, 426 to 433, 435 to 440.	Serious mischief and cognate offences ..	1	16	1	...	...
35	428, 429 ..	Mischief by killing, poisoning or maiming any animal.	1	14	...	2	1
36	454, 455, 457 to 460..	Lurking house-trespass or house breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt.	6	70	4	37	5
37	449 to 452 ..	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt.	...	6	...	2	...
38	412, 413 ..	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually.	...	...	...	...	...
39	311, 400, 401 ..	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers and thieves.	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ..	12	139	7	66	8
		Class IV—Minor Offences against the person.					
40	341 to 344 ..	Wrongful restraint and confinement ..	6	144	20	23	7
41	336, 337 ..	Rash act causing hurt or endangering life.	...	1	...	1	...
42	374 ..	Compulsory labour	...	1	..	...	...
		Total ..	6	146	20	24	7

A—*concld.*

Magistrate or by a Magistrate *suo motu* in the Mysore State in the year 1902-03.

Number dismissed after investigation under Section 203, Criminal Procedure Code.	Number remaining for trial. (b)	Number declared by a Court after trial never to have occurred or to be mistakes of law or fact.	Number in which the Court held that a non-cognizable offence only was committed.	Number of cognizable offences committed that were tried (*d*)				Percentage of convictions to total of columns XV and XVI.	Number of cognizable offences that were under investigation or trial at the close of the year.	Remarks.
				Not referred to the Police for investigation.		Referred to the Police for investigation.				
				Ending in discharge or acquittal (*e*).	Ending in conviction (*f*).	Ending in discharge or acquittal.	Ending in conviction.			
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
2	33	2	...	19	7	3	1	25	3	3 Compounded.
5	15	2	...	2	1	1	1	50	8	
...	4	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	
...	...	...	...	...	..	...	..	...	...	
...	...	...	..	...	..	...	..	...	...	
6	41	..	1	18	11	2	1	33·3	8	
...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	
17	122	9	1	52	23	8	3	27·2	23	3 Compounded.
1	5	...	...	2	...	1	...	..	2	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	
...	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	..	...	
...	1	...	..	...	..	...	1	100	...	
2	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	
9	17	3	...	6	...	...	...	...	8	
...	16	...	3	10	3	...	..	...	..	
...	15	2	...	10	2	...	...	...	1	
16	56	12	...	12	16	7	...	...	9	
2	4	...	...	3	...	1	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
30	114	17	3	43	21	9	1	10	20	
7	123	4	...	69	13	5	1	16·6	19	12 Compounded.
...	1	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	1	
...	1	...	...	..	1	..	...	...	...	
7	125	4	...	69	14	5	1	16·6	20	12 Compounded.

A.—*concld.*

Magistrate or by a Magistrate *suo motu* in the Mysore State in the year 1902-03.

Number dismissed after investigation under Section 203, Criminal Procedure Code.	Number remaining for trial. *(d)*	Number declared by a Court after trial never to have occurred or to be mistakes of law or fact.	Number in which the Court held that a non-cognizable offence only was committed.	Number of cognizable offences committed that were tried *(d)*				Percentage of convictions to total of columns XV and XVI.	Number of cognizable offences that were under investigation or trial at the close of the year.	Remarks.
				Not referred to the Police for investigation.		Referred to the Police for investigation.				
				Ending in discharge or acquittal *(e)*.	Ending in conviction *(f)*.	Ending in discharge or acquittal.	Ending in conviction.			
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
...	9	...	...	5	3	...	...	...	1	
1	8	2	...	1	3	...	...	..	2	
83	317	38	7	111	93	11	7	33·8	43	In 2 cases accused died.
13	69	7	...	26	15	7	3	30	10	In 1 case accused died.
1	9	...	...	1	7	...	...	..	1	
15	162	3	...	67	38	10	2	16·6	19	22 Compounded & 1 withdrawn.
1	4	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	
113	578	52	7	213	159	28	12	30	81	22 Compounded, in 3 accused died and 1 withdrawn.
3	5	...	...	2	2	1	...	...	...	
1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	110	...	...	10	126	...	...	...	4	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
44	23	...	1	11	9	...	1	100	...	1 Compounded.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	37	...	...	7	27	...	...	...	3	
...	7	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	1	
7	6	...	...	1	5	...	...	...	...	
...	38	...	...	1	14	23	...	...	...	
...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	100	...	
56	258	...	1	38	194	24	2	7·69	8	1 Compounded.
223	1,217	85	13	421	404	74	20	21·27	158	32 Compounded, in 3 accused died & 1 withdrawn.

STATEMENT

PART II—Return of Persons concerned in cognizable cases instituted by complaint to

Serial No.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	Number of persons against whom process issued.		Number of persons.	
			Warrant.	Summons (a)	Against whom warrant issued but could not be executed.	Evading service of summons or not complying therewith, and whose attendance was not eventually obtained.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	115, 117, 118, 119	Abetment of offence not committed, &c. / Abetting commission of offence by public, &c. / Concealing design to commit offence, &c.	...	...	...	...
		Total	...	...	...	...
		Class I—Offence against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety and Justice.				
2	131 to 136, 138	Offences relating to Army and Navy	...	...	...	...
3	231 to 263, 467 and 471	Offences relating to coin, stamps and Government notes.	...	...	...	...
4	212 to 216	Harbouring an offender	...	...	...	...
5	221 to 226	Other offences against public justice	...	2	...	...
6	143 to 153, 157, 158	Rioting or unlawful assembly	18	70	...	...
7	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier	...	...	...	...
		Total	18	72	...	...
		Class II—Serious Offences against the Person.				
8	302, 303, 396	Murder by thugs	...	...	...	...
9		Murder by dacoits	...	...	...	...
10		Murder by robbers	...	...	...	...
11		Murder by poison	...	...	...	...
12		Murder Other murders	...	...	...	...
13	307	Attempts at murder	...	...	...	...
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	...	...	...	...
15	376	Rape	2	...	...	...
16	377	Unnatural offences	...	1	...	...
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	...	1	...	...
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at and abetment of, suicide	...	...	...	...
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant.	...	...	...	...
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	6	29	...	...
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	...	...	...	...
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant.	...	7	...	...

A.

a Magistrate by a Magistrate *suo motu* in the Mysore State in the year 1902-03.

Number of persons appearing before Court either personally or by Pleader (b).	Number concerned in cases pending at beginning of year.	Total before Courts.	Number discharged or acquitted (c)	Number convicted (including those ordered to give security for good behaviour) (d).	Percentage of number convicted on total of columns XI and XII.	Number under trial at close of the year.	Remarks.
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	...	2	1	1	50	...	
88	...	88	57	19	25	13	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
90	...	90	58	20	25·6	12	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	...	2	2	...	...	...	
1	...	1	1	...	...	...	
1	...	1	1	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
35	...	35	30	5	14·2	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
7	4	11	11	...	...	...	

STATEMENT

PART II—Return of Persons concerned in cognizable cases instituted by complaint

Serial No.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	Number of persons against whom process issued.		Number of persons.	
			Warrant.	Summons (a)	Against whom warrant issued but could not be executed.	Evading service of summons or not complying therewith, and whose attendance was not eventually obtained.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
23	321	Hurt by dangerous weapon ..	3	98	...	...
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction ..	15	27	...	...
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purpose of extortion."	...	...	...	...
26	372, 373	Selling, letting or unlawfully obtaining a minor for prostitution.	...	...	...	...
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves ..	...	...	...	...
28	353, 354, 356, 357	Criminal force to public servant or woman or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine.	6	54	...	...
29	304-A, 338	Rash or negligent act causing death or grievous hurt ..	...	...	...	...
		Total ..	43	217	...	...
		Class III.—Serious Offences against Person and Property or against Property only.				
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity ..	...	16	...	...
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity ..	...	...	...	...
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt { by poisonous or stupefying drugs..	...	...	...	...
		Robbery with hurt { by other means ..	3	...	...	...
33	392, 393	Robbery { in dwelling house ..	...	...	...	...
		Robbery { on the highway between sunset and sunrise.	...	...	...	...
		Robbery { other robberies ..	13	13	...	...
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440.	Serious mischief and cognate offences ..	7	31	...	...
35	428, 429	Mischief by killing, poisoning, or maiming any animal.	1	17	...	...
36	454, 455, 457 to 460	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt.	29	40	...	...
37	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt.	2	7	...	...
38	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually ..	...	...	...	...
39	311, 402, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers and thieves.	...	...	...	...
		Total ..	55	124	...	...
		Class IV—Minor Offences against the person.				
40	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement	22	131	...	...
41	336, 337	Rash act causing hurt or endangering life	3	15	...	1
42	374	Compulsory labour ..	...	1	...	...
		Total ..	25	207	...	1

A

to a Magistrate or by a Magistrate *suo motu* in the Mysore State in the year 1902-03.

Number of persons appearing before Court either personally or by Pleader (*b*).	Number concerned in cases pending at beginning of year.	Total before Courts.	Number discharged or acquitted (*c*).	Number convicted (including those ordered to give security for good behaviour (*d*).	Percentage of number convicted on total of columns XI and XII.	Number under trial at close of the year.	Remarks.
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
*100	...	*101	71	19	21·1	2	*1 Died and 8 compromised
39	11	53	23	5	17·8	25	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
60	1	61	38	17	30·9	6	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
*259	16	†276	180	46	29·2	41	*1 Died and 8 compromised.
16	...	16	16	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	...	3	...	3	100	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
26	...	26	26	...	...	...	
38	...	38	35	3	7·8	...	
18	...	18	15	2	11·7	1	
69	1	70	47	23	32·8	...	
9	...	9	9	..	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
179	1	180	148	31	17·3	1	
213	11	‡224	160	31	16·2	16	‡17 Compromised.
17	...	§17	7	..	...	...	§10 Compromised.
1	..	1	...	1	100	..	
231	11	(*a*) 242	167	32	16·18	16	(*a*) 27 Compromised.

STATEMENT

PART II—Return of Persons concerned in cognizable cases instituted by complaint

Serial No.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	Number of persons against whom process issued.		Number of persons.	
			Warrant.	Summons (a)	Against whom warrant issued but could not be executed.	Evading service of summons or not complying thereswith, and whose attendance was not eventually obtained.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		Class V—Minor Offences against property.				
43	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	4	8	...	...
44	379 to 382	Theft .. { of cattle	...	5	...	...
		{ ordinary	171	366	...	...
45	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	21	45	1	...
46	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	3	12	...	1
47	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	35	407	...	2
48	461, 462	Breaking closed receptacles	1	2	...	...
		Total ..	235	845	1	3
		Class VI—Other offences not specified above.				
49	295 to 297	Offences against religion	2	2	...	...
50	Chapter VIII (B) C. P. C. and Act IX of 1874.	Vagrancy and bad character	8	6	...	...
51	Cognizable offences under the Act specified.	Offences against Gambling Act	...	...	...	...
52		Ditto Excise Laws	128	55	3	2
53		Ditto Opium Act	...	...	...	...
54		Ditto Railway Laws	...	...	...	...
55		Ditto Customs Laws	...	...	...	...
6		Ditto Arms Act	...	...	...	...
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285, 286, 289, 291 to 294, Sec. 34 of Act V of 1861, Sec. 71 of Act III of 1888; Act III of 1889, and any other Municipal or Local laws.	Public and local nuisances	2	43	...	...
58	Other special and local laws cognizable by police.	1 Coffee thefts	...	...	..	...
		2 Forest Rules	61	23	...	1
		3 Village Sanitation Rules	...	79	...	...
		4 Police Rules	...	8	...	...
		5 Cattle Trespass Act	...	23	...	...
		6 Game and Fish Preservation Regulation ..	...	3	...	...
		Total ..	201	217	3	3
		Grand Total ..	577	1,712	4	7

A.—*concld.*

to a Magistrate or by a Magistrate *suo motu* in the Mysore State in the year 1902-03.

Number of persons appearing before Court either personally or by Pleader (*b*).	Number concerned in cases pending at beginning of year.	Total before Courts.	Number discharged or acquitted (*c*)	Number convicted including those ordered to give security for good behaviour (*d*).	Percentage of number convicted on total of columns XI and XII.	Number under trial at close of the year.	Remarks.
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
12	...	12	9	3	25	...	
5	...	5	2	3	60	...	
537	7	544*	339	163	32·4	40	* 2 concerned in cases struck off.
65	6	71†	46	18	28·1	6	† 1 Do.
14	...	14	4	10	71·4	..	
440	11	451‡	339	101	28·6	27	‡ 1 concerned in case withdrawn and 60 compromised.
3	1	4	4	...	..	...	
1,076	25	1,101§	663	301	31·2	73	§ 60 compromised, 3 concerned in cases struck off and 1 in case withdrawn.
4	...	4	2	2	50	...	
14	...	14	5	9	64·2	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
178	...	178	33	145	75·8	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	..	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	..	...	..	
45	...	45	6	38	86·3	...	‖ 1 compromised.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
83	11	94	20	73	78·5	1	
79	...	79	43	36	45·5	...	
8	...	8	...	8	100	...	
23	...	23	18	...	...	5	
3	...	3	1	2	66·6	...	
442	11	453	129	317	71·07	6	(a) 1 compromised.
2,277	64	(*b*) 2,342	1,345	747	35·7	149	(*b*) 96 compromised.

5 concerned in cases struck off.
1 died.
1 concerned in case withdrawn.

STATEMENT

Return of Cognizable

PART III—Return of cases reported at a Police Station

Serial No.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	Cases (originally reported at a Police Station or taken up on suspicion by the Police) pending under Police investigation from 1901-1902.	Reported during the year.					Cases taken up by the Station Officer otherwise than upon report.	Total of cases investigated by the Police (i-e) of columns 4, 5, 6 and 9.
				Investigated by the Police		Not investigated.	Total.	Percentage of cases investigated at once on report (column 5) to total.		
				Upon the report or other information.	Under Magistrate's orders after investigation had been refused by the Police.					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	115	Abetment of offence not committed, etc.	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...
	117	Abetting commission of offence by public, etc.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	118, 119	Concealing design to commit offence, etc.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...
		Class I—Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety and Justice.								
2	131 to 136, 138	Offences relating to Army and Navy ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	231 to 263, 467 and 471.	Offences relating to Coin, Stamps and Government notes.	7	11	...	..	11	100	...	18
4	212 to 216	Harbouring an offender	1	1	...	...	1	100	...	2
5	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice ...	22	23	...	1	26	96·15	5	52
6	143 to 152, 157, 158	Rioting or unlawful assembly	15*	30	..	2	32	93·75	...	45
7	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier ...	2	4	...	...	4	100	...	6
		Total ..	47	71	...	3	74	95·94	5	123
		Class II—Serious offences against the person.								
8	302, 303, 396	Murder ... by thugs ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9		by dacoits ..	1	2	...	...	2	100	...	3*
10		by robbers ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11		by poison ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12		other murders ..	21	46	...	...	46	100	...	67
13	307	Attempts at murder	5	7	...	...	7	100	...	12
14	304, 309	Culpable homicide	10	20	...	...	20	100	1	31
15	376	Rape	5	11	...	...	11	100	...	16
16	377	Unnatural offences	1	3	...	...	3	100	...	4
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth.	13*	9	...	...	9	100	...	22
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at and abetment of suicide ..	9	18	..	2	20	90	...	27*
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	325, 326, 335.	Grievous hurt	24	70	...	1	71	98·59	...	94
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt.	4	4	...	...	4	100	...	8
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extoring property or confession or deterring public servant.	3	3	...	...	3	100	1	7

A.-

Crime for the year 1902-03.

or taken up by the Police in the year 1902-03.

Not sent to Magistrate (accused if any, released under Sec. 169 Cr. P. C.)																	Remarks.
In which the Magistrate ordered case to be struck off as false, mistaken or non-cognizable.	In which no such order was passed, but the case was not tried by Magistrate.	In which the Magistrate sent for the accused and tried the case.			Cases other than those in columns 11 to 15 in which the offender was not detected or apprehended.	Cases still under investigation by the Police at the end of the year.	Cases sent before the Magistrate.	Cases pending in Court at beginning of year.	Total of cases before the Courts.	Number ending in discharge or acquittal.	Number ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to total of columns 22 and 23.	Number declared by Court after trial never to have occurred or to be mistakes of fact or law.	Number in which the Court held after trial that a non-cognizable offence only was committed.	Number still under trial at the close of the year.	Cases of death, escape or lunacy during trial and charges abandoned, compounded or withdrawn (Sections 247, 248, 259, 333, 345 and 494 Cr. P. C.)	Cases reversed on appeal or on revision.	
		Convicted.	Not convicted.	Pending at close of year.														
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28 (a)	28 (b)	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	...		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...		
...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
...	...	..	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...		
5	3	...	.	...	...	2	8	2	10	5	4	44·4	..	...	1	...		
1	..	...	..	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	100	...	..	...	..		
4	1	...	...	..	1	15	31	13	44	8	23	74·19	..	..	13	...		
8	5	...	...	...	...	13	19	3	27	6	11	70	...	1	7	...		* This includes 1 C case of the previous year returned for investigation.
1	...	...	...	..	...	1	4	...	4	...	4	100	...	...	...	...		
19	9	...	...	...	1	31	63	23	86	19	46	70·73	...	1	21	...		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	.	..	...	...		
...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	1	..	1	100	...	...	...	...		* 1 case transferred to British Territory.
...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		
1	4	...	...	...	2	15	45	18*	63	17	20	54·05	...	...	22	4		* 1 case was convicted of culpable homicide hence not shown here.
3	2	...	...	...	...	3	4	3	7	4	2	33·3	...	..	1	...		
1	3	...	...	...	...	6	21	8*	29	9	11	100	...	2	9	...		
7	1	...	...	..	...	2	6	..	6	3	2	40	...	...	1	...		* 1 case of murder was convicted of culpable homicide, hence shown here.
...	..	...	...	...	...	2	2	..	3	1	1	50	...	...	...	...		
5	1	...	...	...	...	13	4	2	6	2	3	60	...	...	...	...		
	1	...	...	...	...	2	17	2	19	3	13	80	1	...	2	1		* This includes 1 C case of the previous year returned for investigation.
	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...		
	7	...	...	...	...	19	54	16	70	26	23	51·85	...	2	14	2		
	1	...	...	...	...	3	2	..	2	...	2	100	...	...	...	...		
		...	...	...	...	2	3	...	3	1	1	50	...	...	1	...		

STATEMENT

Return of cognizable

PART III—Return of cases reported at a Police Station

Serial No.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime	Cases (orginally reported at a Police Station or taken up on suspicion by the Police) pending under Police investigation from 1901-1902.	Reported during the year.					Cases taken up by the Station Officer otherwise than upon report.	Total of cases investigated by the Police (i-e) of column 4, 5, 6 and 9.
				Investigated by the Police.		Not investigated.	Total.	Percentage of cases investigated at once on report (column 5) to total.		
				Upon the report or other information.	Under Magistrate's orders after investigation had been refused by the Police.					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon ...	36	131	...	4	135	97·03	...	167
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction ...	18	40	...	1	41	97·5	...	*58
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purpose of extortion.	3	2	...	...	2	100	...	5
26	372, 373	Selling, letting or unlawfully obtaining a minor for prostitution.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28	353, 354, 356, 357	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine.	32	106	...	6	112	94·6	...	138
29	304A, 338.	Rash or negligent act causing death or grievous hurt.	4	2	1	...	3	66·6	...	7
		Total ...	189	474	1	14	489	96·9	2	*666
		Class III—Serious offences against Person and Property or against Property only.								
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	72	39	...	...	39	100	...	*111
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
32	394, 397, 398	Robberywith hurt { by poisonous or stupefying drugs. / by other means.	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...
33	392, 393	Robbery ... { in dwelling house ... / on the highway between sunset and sunrise. / other robberies ...	1	3	...	...	3	100	...	4
			13	11	...	2	13	84·6	...	24
			20	15	...	1	16	93·7	...	*35
			43	49	...	8	57	86	...	92
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440.	Serious mischief and cognate offences ...	24	38	1	6	45	84·4	...	63
35	428, 429	Mischief by killing, poisoning or maiming any animal.	22	69	1	9	79	87·3	...	92
36	454, 455, 457 to 460.	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt.	1,021	1,077	4	137	1,218	88·4	3	2,105
37	419 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt.	3	20	...	1	21	95·2	...	23
38	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually.	...	1	..	...	1	100	...	1
39	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers and thieves.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	1,219	1,322	6	164	1,492	88·6	3	*

A—contd.

Crime for the year 1902-03.

or taken up by the Police in the year 1902-03.

Not sent to Magistrate (accused, if any, released under Sec. 169 Cr. P. C.)					Cases other than those in columns 11 to 15 in which the offender was not detected or apprehended.	Cases still under investigation by the Police at the end of the year.	Cases sent before the Magistrate.	Cases pending in Court at beginning of year.	Total of cases before the Courts.	Number ending in discharge or acquittal.	Number ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to total of columns 22 and 23.	Number declared by Court after trial never to have occurred or to be mistakes of fact or law.	Number in which the Court held after trial that a non-cognizable offence only was committed.	Number still under trial at the close of the year.	Remarks.	
In which the Magistrate ordered case to be struck off as false, mistaken or non-cognizable.	In which no such order was passed, but the case was not tried by Magistrate.	In which the Magistrate sent for the accused and tried the case.														Cases of death, escape or lunacy during trial and charges abandoned, compounded or withdrawn (Sections 247, 248, 259, 333, 345 and 494 Cr. P. C.)	Cases reversed on appeal or on revision.
		Convicted.	Not convicted.	Pending at close of year.													
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28 (a)	28 (b)
14	12	...	...	..	...	36	105	21	126	63	27	30	...	1	15	21	
11	9	...	...	...	...	17	20	2	22	7	6	46·1	...	...	9	..	*1 Case transferred to British Territory.
1	1	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	1	1	..	...	..	..	...	...	
..	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	..	...	...	...	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
21	11	...	..	...	...	23	83	14	97	30	45	60	...	..	22	..	
-	..	..	...	...	...	5	2	4	6	1	1	50	...	..	4	...	
89	53	..	...	...	2	150	370	90	460	168	162	49·09	1	3	96	33	*2 Cases transferred to British Territory.
12	6	...	...	...	11	59	22	...	22	6	12	66·6	..	...	4	...	*1 Case transferred to British Territory.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	...	...	...	1	...	2	1	3	2	1	33·3	..	...	...	...	
2	6	...	...	...	...	13	3	2	5	1	3	75	...	...	1	...	
15	2	...	...	..	...	14	3	1	4	1	3	75	...	...	...	...	*1 Case transferred to British Territory.
21	12	...	...	...	*7	36	16	1	17	5	11	68·7	1	..	...	..	
16	8	...	...	...	1	27	11	3	14	7	3	30	1	...	3	...	*1 Case struck off.
23	8	...	...	...	...	23	33	10	43	16	20	55·5	..	..	7	...	
362	204	1	...	...	42*	1,166	330	38	368	93	229	71·9	1	...	34	1	*8 Struck off.
6	1	..	...	...	...	3	13	..	13	6	7	53·8	...	...	...	...	
...	1	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	..	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	..	...	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
493	248	1	...	...	61	1,342	423	56	469	137	299	68·5	3	...	49	1	*3 transferred to British Territory.

STATEMENT

Return of Cognizable

PART III—Return of cases reported at a Police Station

Serial No.	Law under which Punishable.	Description of Crime.	Cases (originally reported at a Police Station or taken up on suspicion by the Police) pending under Police investigation from 1901 1902.	Reported during the year.					Cases taken up by the Station Officer otherwise than upon report.	Total of cases investigated by the Police (4-e) of columns 4, 5, 6 and 9.
				Investigated by the Police.		Not investigated.	Total.	Percentage of cases investigated at once on report. (column 5) to total.		
				Upon the report or other information.	Under Magistrate's orders after investigation had been refused by the Police.					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
		Class IV—Minor Offences against the Person.								
40	341 to 344	... Wrongful restraint and confinement ..	41	60	..	4	64	93·7	...	101
41	336, 337	... Rash act causing hurt or endangering life ..	...	1	..	1	2	50	...	1
42	374	... Compulsory labour	...	..	..	...	..	...	...	..
		Total ...	41	61	..	5	66	92·4	...	102
		Class V—Minor Offences against Property.								
43	453, 456	...Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking...	45	65	..	8	73	89·04	2	112
44	379 to 382	.. Theft .. { of cattle ...	100	270	..	22	292	92·5	4	*374
		{ ordinary ...	(a) *835	1,661	2	230	1,893	88·04	8	*2,606
45	406 to 409	.. Criminal breach of trust	78	101	1	10	120	90·8	..	183
46	411 to 414	...Receiving stolen property	11	239	..	1	240	99·6	2	252
47	447, 448	...Criminal or house trespass	57	176	..	5	181	99·5	...	183
48	461, 462	...Breaking closed receptacles	15	32	..	1	33	97	...	47
		Total ...	1,241	2,182	3	334	2,819	88·04	16	*713
		Class VI—Other Offences not specified above.								
49	295 to 297	...Offences against religion	4	10	..	2	12	83·3	...	14
50	Chapter VIII (B) C. P. C. and Act IX of 1874.	Vagrancy and bad character	5	31	..	...	31	100	17	53
51	Cognizable offences under the Act specified.	Offences against Gambling Act ...	...	...	..	...	...	..	..	...
52		Do Excise Laws ..	2	15	..	...	15	100	...	17
53		Do Opium Act ..	..	...	..	...	...	.	.	...
54		Do Railway Laws ..	1	5	..	...	5	100	...	6
55		Do Customs Laws ...	...	.	..	...	.	..	..	...
56		Do Arms Act	23	157	..	...	167	100	24	214
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285, 286, 289, 291 to 294, Sec 34 of Act V of 1861, Sec. 74 of Act III of 1888, Act III of 1889 and any other Municipal or Local laws.	Public and local nuisances	11	88	..	2	90	97·7	9	108
58	Other special and local laws cognizable by police.	1. Coffee thefts	6	19	..	5	24	79·1	...	25
		2. Municipal Bye-laws	...	390	..	...	390	100	...	390
		3. Forest Rules	12	25	..	...	5	100	...	37
		4 Police Rules	...	131	..	...	131	100	1	132
		5. Telegraph Act	1	1	..	...	1	100	...	2
		6. Postal Act	..	1	..	...	1	100	...	1
		7. Registration Act	..	1	..	..	1	100	...	1
		8. Village Sanitation Rules ..	11	25	..	...	25	100	9	45
		9 Game and Fish Preservation Regulation.	..	10	..	..	10	100	...	10
		10. Mining Regulation	1	55	..	...	55	100	...	56
		Total ..	77	974	..	9	983	99·08	60	1,111
		Grand Total ..	2,814*	5,381	10	529	5,923	90·9	86	8,294*

A—concld.

Crime for the year 1902-03.

or taken up by the Police in the year 1902-03.

Not sent to Magistrate (accused if any, released under Sec. 169 Cr. P. C.					Cases other than those in columns 11 to 15 in which the offender was not detected or apprehended.	Cases still under investigation by the Police at the end of the year.	Cases sent before the Magistrate.	Cases pending in Court at beginning of year.	Total of cases before the Courts.	Number ending in discharge or acquittal.	Number ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to total of columns 22 and 23.	Number declared by Court after trial never to have occurred or to be mistakes of fact or law.	Number in which the Court held after trial that a non-cognizable offence only was committed.	Number still under trial at the close of the year.	Remarks.	
In which the Magistrate ordered case to be struck off as false, mistaken or non-cognizable.	In which no such order was passed, but the case was not tried by Magistrate.	In which the Magistrate sent for the accused and tried the case.														Cases of death, escape or lunacy during trial and charges abandoned, compounded or withdrawn (Sections 247, 248, 259, 333, 345 and 494 Cr. P. C.)	Cases reversed on appeal or revision.
		Convicted.	Not convicted.	Pending at close of year.													
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28 (*a*)	28 (*b*)
17	18	...	...	...	1	37	28	18	46	25	11	30·5	..	...	4	6	
1	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	1	100	..	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
18	18	...	...	...	1	37	28	19	47	25	12	32·4	...	...	4	6	
15	2	...	1	...	8	67	19	1	20	7	9	56·2	..	...	4	...	
56	36	...	...	...	2	89	190	20	210	46	136	74·7	...	1	28	...	
465	224	...	...	...	36	853	1,026	116	1,142	266	799	75·02	...	...	76	1	
36	29	...	...	...	1	56	66	28	94	30	46	60·5	2	...	16	...	
7	5	...	...	...	...	8	232	8	240	57	179	75·8	..	...	4	...	
32	27	1	...	...	...	20	85	6	89	30	36	48	...	..	8	6	
11	2	...	...	...	...	19	15	1	16	4	11	73·3	..	...	1	...	
622	325	1	1	...	47	1,112	1,631	180	1,811	419	1,216	73·6	2	1	137	7	
2	2	1	...	...	...	5	4	..	4	...	3	100	...	...	1	...	
1	1	...	...	...	...	2	49	14	63	18	25	58·1	...	...	13	7	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17	2	19	3	15	83·3	...	...	1	...	
...	...	..	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	1	2	3	...	3	1	2	66·6	...	...	...	...	
..	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	
...	1	...	...	...	...	11	202	22	224	26	184	87·6	1	..	12	1	
14	8	...	...	...	...	24	62	7	69	20	46	69·7	...	...	3	...	
2	7	...	..	...	...	5	11	4	15	9	5	35·7	...	...	1	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	390	...	390	4	386	99	...	...	...	...	
2	5	...	...	...	..	3	27	4	31	9	17	65·4	...	...	5	...	
...	...	...	...	...	..	...	132	1	133	2	130	99	...	...	1	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...		2	..	2	1	1	50	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	2	..	1	100	...	...	1	...	
..	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	..	...	...	1	...	
...	...	...	..	...	...	...	45	...	45	1	44	97·8	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	...	10	1	6	85·7	...	...	3	...	
...	..	...	..	...	...	1	55	3	58	13	44	77·2	...	...	...	1	
21	24	1	...	...	1	53	1,011	58	1,069	108	909	89·3	1	...	42	9	
1,232	677	3	1	...	113	2,725	3,536	426	5,962	906	2,641	74·4	7	5	349	56	

* 1 Transferred to British Territory.

* 2 Transferred.

(*a*) This includes one C case of the previous year returned for investigation.

*3 Transferred.

* This includes 3 C cases of the previous year returned for investigation.

* 7 cases transferred.

STATEMENT A—Return of Cognizable

PART IV—Return of Persons concerned in cases reported

Serial No.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	Persons in Police custody or on bail under Sec. 170, Cr. P. C. at beginning of year as concerned in cases reported to or in cases taken up by the Police.	Persons arrested by the Police.		Persons not arrested because absconded (in cases occurring during the year).	Persons released by the Station Officer under Sec. 169, Cr. P. C., and not required to appear by Magistrate.
				Upon the report or other information.	Under Magistrate's orders after investigation had been refused by the Police or the Police had reported the charge to be false.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	115 ...	Abetment of offence not committed, &c. ...	...	...	...	...	...
	117 ...	Abetting commission of offence by public, &c.	...	...	...	...	...
	118, 119 ...	Concealing design to commit offence, &c ...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	...	...	...	...	...
		Class I—Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety and Justice.					
2	131 to 136, 138 ...	Offences relating to Army and Navy ...	...	...	...	...	...
3	231 to 263, 467 and 471.	Offences relating to Coin, Stamps and Government Notes.	...	16	...	...	3
4	212 to 216 ...	Harbouring an offender	...	1	...	...	...
5	224 to 226 ...	Other offences against public justice ...	...	25	...	3	...
6	143 to 153, 157, 158...	Rioting or unlawful assembly	14	228	...	1	12
7	140, 170, 171 ...	Personating public servant or soldier ..	...	6	...	...	...
		Total ...	14	276	...	4	15
		Class II—Serious offences against the Person.					
8	302, 303, 396 ...	Murder ... By thugs	..	...	...	...	....
9		By dacoits... ...	14	11	...	..	...
10		By robbers ..	...	...	...	..	...
11		By poison	...	...	...	..	...
12		Other murders ...	5	83	...	1	3
13	307	Attempts at murder...	...	3	..	1	...
14	304, 309	Culpable homicide	2	35	...	4	...
15	376	Rape	6	7	...	...	1
16	377	Unnatural offences	...	5	...	...	1
17	317, 318 ...	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	...	6	...	...	...
18	305, 306, 309 ...	Attempt at and abetment of suicide ...	2	17	...	...	1
19	329, 331, 333 ...	Grievous hurt for the purpose of exorting property or confession or detering public servant.	...	...	...	...	...
20	325, 326, 335 ...	Grievous hurt	1	101	...	1	...
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt.	...	3	...	...	...
22	327, 330, 332 ...	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant.	...	2	...	...	...

Crime for the year 1902-03.

at a Police Station or in cases taken up by the Police.

Percentage of column 8 to column 5.	Persons released by Magistrate's order before trial.	Persons on bail or still in Police custody at close of year.	Persons appearing under order of the Magistrate.	Persons whose cases were under trial before the Courts at beginning of year.	Total number of persons tried.	Number discharged or acquitted.	Number convicted (including those ordered to give security for good behaviour).	Percentage of number convicted on total of columns 15 and 16.	Number of persons convicted who had been arrested by the Police on report or information (column 5.)	Number under-trial at close of the year.	Remarks.		
											Persons died, escaped or transferred before appearance.	Number concerned in cases abandoned, compounded or withdrawn, including accomplices pardoned under sections 377 and 338, Cr. P. C., and those who died, escaped or became lunatic during trial.	Persons convicted of a non-cognizable offence only, of those shown in column 16.
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20a	20b	20c
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
18·7	...	...	...	...	13	6	7	53·8	7	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	100	1	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	3	28	1	22	95·6	22	5	...	...	
5·2	...	...	2	81	313	139	94	40·3	94	80	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	6	...	6	100	6	..	...	...	
5·2	...	...	2	84	361	146	130	47·1	130	85	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	10	9	1	10	1	...	a 15	...	a 14 transferred 1 died
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3·6	2	4	...	b 22	101	44	26	37·1	21	28	1	*2	* Approvers.
...	...	...	...	3	6	4	2	33·3	2	...	...	...	b 1 convicted of culpable homicide hence not shown here.
...	...	...	...	c3	42	14	20	59	20	5	3	...	
14·2	...	...	...	...	12	8	3	27·2	3	1	...	...	c Includes one who was under trial for murder last year.
20	...	1	...	...	3	2	1	33·3	1	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	3	9	5	8	37·1	3	1	...	...	
5·8	...	...	...	2	19	3	12	80	12	1	1	3	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	2	...	...	18	118	51	50	49·5	47	17	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	3	1	2	66·6	2	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	

STATEMENT

PART IV—Return of persons concerned in cases reported

Serial No.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	Persons in Police custody or on bail under Sec 170, Criminal Procedure Code, at beginning of year as concerned in cases reported to or in cases taken up by the Police.	Persons arrested by the Police.		Persons not arrested, hearings absconded (in cases occurring during the year).	Persons released by the Station Officer under Section 169, Criminal Procedure Code, and not required to appear by Magistrate.
				Upon the report or other information.	Under Magistrate's orders after investigation had been refused by the Police or the Police had reported the charge to be false.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
23	324 ...	Hurt by dangerous weapon	2	203	...	1	2
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	...	60	...	2	3
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purpose of extortion.	...	5	...	...	...
26	372, 373 ...	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a minor for prostitution.	...	...	...	...	...
27	371 ...	Habitually dealing in slaves	...	...	...	...	...
28	353, 354, 356, 357	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or in attempts to commit theft or wrongfully confine.	...	170	...	...	3
29	304 A, 338	Rash or negligent act causing death or grievous hurt.	...	2	...	...	...
		Total ...	32	713	...	10	13
	Class III—Serious Offences against Person and Property or against Property only—						
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	7	173	...	3	16
31	399, 402 ...	Preparation and assembly for dacoity ...	...	...	...	...	...
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt { By poisonous or stupefying drugs.	...	...	...	...	...
		{ By other means ...	..	5	...	...	...
33	392, 393	Robbery ... { In dwelling house ...	...	6	...	...	...
		{ On the highway between sunset and sunrise.	...	5	...	...	...
		{ Other robberies ...	...	34	...	...	3
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440.	Serious mischief and cognate offences ...	...	20	...	...	...
35	428, 429 ..	Mischief by killing, poisoning or maiming any animal.	2	61	...	...	1
36	451, 455, 457 to 460 .	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt.	12	672	...	2	51
37	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt.	...	20	...	...	...
38	412, 413 ...	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually.	...	...	...	...	...
39	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers and thieves.	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	21	1,001	...	5	71
	Class IV—Minor Offences against the Person—						
40	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement ...	...	78	...	...	...
41	336, 337 ...	Rash act causing hurt or endangering life...	...	...	...	...	...
42	374 ..	Compulsory labour ...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	...	78	...	...	...

A--*contd.*

at a Police Station or in cases taken up by the Police.

1 Percentage of column 8 to column 5.	Persons released by Magistrate's order before trial.	Persons on bail or still in Police custody at close of year.	Persons appearing under order of the Magistrate.	Persons whose cases were under trial before the Courts at beginning of year.	Total number of persons tried.	Number discharged or acquitted.	Number convicted (including those ordered to give security for good behaviour).	Percentage of number convicted on total of columns 15 and 16.	Number of persons convicted who had been arrested by the Police on report or information (column 5).	Number under trial at close of the year.	Remarks.		
											Persons died, escaped or transferred before appearance.	Number concerned in cases abandoned, compounded or withdrawn, including accomplices pardoned under Sections 337 and 338, Cr. P. C., and those who died, escaped or became lunatic during trial.	Persons convicted of a non-cognizable offence only, of those shown in column 16.
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20a	20b	20c
9	3	...	3	25	228	113	50	20·6	50	29	5	31	...
5	...	...	...	3	57	20	18	47·3	18	19	b3	...	b Died.
...	...	...	...	..	5	5	...	..	..	..	..	...	...
...	...	..	...	..	...	...	...	.	..	...	..	...	...
...	.	...	...	...	...	.	...	..	...	..	.	...	...
1·2	...	5	...	18	150	69	78	53·06	78	31	e1	2	e Died.
...	...	..	...	..	2	1	1	50	1	..	...	...	...
1·8	7	10	3	99	795	350	267	43·0	263	134	21	43	..
9	...	7	...	..	151	83	44	34·6	41	19	11	5	1
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	...	...
...	..	.	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	..	..	...
...	...	...	...	2	7	6	1	14·3	1	..	..	..	...
...	...	..	...	3	9	4	3	43	3	2	..	...	...
...	...	..	...	...	5	1	4	8·0	4	..	.	..	...
9	...	...	...	3	34	11	21	65·6	21	...	...	2	...
...	...	...	..	3	23	17	3	15	2	3	...	..	..
1·6	...	..	...	10	72	34	31	47·7	31	7	...	...	..
7·5	5	8	4	63	683	241	333	61·3	378	54	c3	5	c Died.
...	...	..	..	...	20	10	10	50	10	..	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...
7·09	5	15	4	85	1,004	407	560	55·1	494	85	14	12	1
...	6	..	..	37	109	72	29	28·7	29	6	..	2	...
...	...		...	1	1	..	1	100	1	...	..	...	...
..	..	..	...	..	..	..	..	..	.	...	...	...	...
...	6	..	...	38	110	72	30	29·4	30	6	...	2	...

STATEMENT

PART IV—Return of persons concerned in cases reported

Serial No.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	Persons in Police custody or on bail under Sec. 170, Cr. P. C., at beginning of year as concerned in cases reported to or in cases taken up by the Police.	Persons arrested by the Police.		Persons not arrested because absconded (in cases occurring during the year.)	Persons released by the Station Officer under Sec. 169, Cr. P. C., and not required to appear by Magistrate.
				Upon the report or other information.	Under Magistrate's orders after investigation had been refused by the Police or the Police had reported the charge to be false.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
		Class V—Minor offences against property.					
43	453, 456	Lurking house-tresspass or house-breaking..	...	87	...	...	6
44	379 to 382	Theft ... Of cattle ...	5	296	...	...	3
		Theft ... Ordinary ...	23	1,547	1	12	33
45	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust ...	..	97	...	...	5
46	411, 414 ...	Receiving stolen property ...	...	341	...	...	8
47	447, 448 ...	Criminal or house trespass ...	...	146	...	...	2
48	461, 462 ...	Breaking closed receptacles ..	...	44	...	...	2
		Total ...	28	2,508	1	12	59
		Class VI—Other Offences not specified above.					
49	295 to 297	Offences against religion ...	...	18	...	...	...
50	Chapter VIII (B), C. P. C. and Act IX of 1874.	Vagrancy and bad character ...	1	60	..	...	1
51	Cognizable offences under the Act specified.	Offence against Gambling Act ...	...	...	...	...	...
52		Do Excise Laws ...	...	22	...	...	...
53		Do Opium Act ...	...	...	...	...	...
54		Do Railway Laws...	...	10	...	...	...
55		Do Customs Laws ..	...	...	...	...	...
56		Do Arms Act ..	...	208	...	...	...
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285, 286, 289, 291 to 294, Sec. 34 of Act V of 1861, Sec. 74 of Act III of 1888, Act III of 1889, and any other Municipal or Local Laws.	Public and local nuisances ...	...	119	...	...	5
		(1) Coffee thefts ...	...	35	...	...	...
		(2) Municipal Bye-laws ...	...	450	...	...	...
		(3) Forest Rules ...	...	120	...	1	...
58	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police.	(4) Police Rules ...	1	209	...	...	...
		(5) Telegraph Act ...	...	2	...	...	...
		(6) Village Sanitation Rules ..	...	36	...	..	...
		(7) Game and Fish Preservation Regulation.	...	36	...	...	...
		(8) Registration Act ...	...	4	...	...	...
		(9) Mining Regulation ...	..	72	..	...	2
		(10) Postal Act ...	...	1	...	...	...
		Total ...	2	1,402		1	8
		Grand Total ...	97	5,978	1	32	166

A—concluded.

at a Police Station or in cases taken up by the Police.

Percentage of column 8 to column 5.	Persons released by Magistrate's order before trial.	Persons on bail or still in Police custody at close of year.	Persons appearing under order of the Magistrate.	Persons whose cases were under trial before the Courts at beginning of year.	Total number of persons tried.	Number discharged or acquitted.	Number convicted (including those ordered to give security for good behaviour).	Percentage of number convicted on total of columns 15 and 16.	Number of persons convicted who had been arrested by the Police on report or information (column 5).	Number under trial at close of the year.	Remarks.		
											Persons died, escaped or transferred before appearance.	Number concerned in cases abandoned, compounded or withdrawn, including accomplices pardoned under Sections 337 and 338, Cr. P. C., and those who died, escaped or became lunatic during trial.	Persons convicted of a non-cognizable offence only, of those shown in column 16.
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20a	20b	20c
16·2	...	...	...	...	31	11	13	54·1	13	7	...	...	...
1·01	...	...	...	49	347	115	203	63·8	200	28	...	1	2
2·1	10	...	4	101	1,633	425	1,108	72·2	1,087	99	...	1	...
5·1	...	...	1	4	97	31	53	60·9	52	10	...	...	...
2·3	..	...	..	7	339	110	224	67·06	222	5	1	...	...
1·3	3	...	4	18	163	71	58	45	53	19	...	15	...
4·5	..	...	..	3	45	15	26	63·4	26	4	..	...	...
2·3	13	..	9	182	2,655	781	1,685	68·3	1,653	172	1	17	2
...	..	...	...	...	18	...	17	100	17	1	...	...	...
1·6	...	..	...	16	76	25	32	56·1	26	13	...	6	...
...	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	1	23	4	18	81·8	18	1	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	..	...	...
...	..	2	...	...	8	4	4	50	4	...	..	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	..	15	223	25	187	88·2	187	10	...	1	...
4·2	...	1	...	7	120	31	81	72·3	73	8	...	..	...
...	...	...	..	2	37	23	13	36·1	13	1	..	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	450	5	445	99	445	..	...	...	...
...	...	...	..	3	123	48	68	58·6	68	7	..	..	...
...	...	...	...	..	210	11	198	94·7	198	..	...	1	...
...	...	...	...	...	2	1	1	50	1	...	...	..	...
...	...	...	..	...	36	.	36	100	36	..	..	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	36	6	21	77·7	21	9	..	...	...
..	...	...	..	..	4	..	.	..	...	4	..	...	...
2·7	..	...	...	1	71	18	53	74·6	53	..	..	..	...
..	...	...	...	1	2	..	1	100	1	1	...	..	...
·5	...	3	...	46	1,439	202	1,175	85·3	1,166	55	..	8	...
2·7	31	28	8	532	6,362	1,957	3,787	65·9	3,736	536	39	83	3

STATEMENT

Return of Non-Cognizable

PART I.—Return of Non-

Serial No.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	Pending at the beginning of the year.			Instituted by complaint during the year.
			Under investigation by order of Magistrate.			
			With the Police.	Otherwise under investigation.	Under trial.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	115 ...	Abetment of offence not committed, etc. ..	..	..	..	..
	117 ..	Abetting commission of offence by public, etc. ..	..	..	..	..
	118, 119 ...	Concealing design to commit offence ..	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	..	..	..	..
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, etc.*				
2	121 to 130, 505	Offences against the State	..	..	..	..
3	137 ...	Harbouring deserters by Master of Ship ..	..	..	..	..
4	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 228	Offences against public justice	..	..	1	63
5	161 to 169, 217 to 223 ...	Offences by public servants	..	..	..	10
6	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 421 to 424	False evidence, false complaints and claims and fraudulent deeds, and disposition of property ..	..	..	7	16
7	465 to 477 ...	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents ..	..	2	5	18
8	264 to 267 ...	Offences relating to weights and measures ..	..	..	1	13
9	482 to 489 ..	Making or using false trade marks	..	..	1	..
10	149, 154 to 156, 160 ..	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray	..	1	3	57
		Total ..	..	3	18	177
		CLASS II.—*Serious offences against the Person.*				
11	312 to 316 ...	Causing miscarriage	..	..	..	1
12	370 ...	Buying or disposing of slaves	..	..	..	..
		Total ..	..	..	..	1
		CLASS III.—*Serious offences against Property.*				
13	384 to 389 ...	Extortion	..	..	3	15
		CLASS IV.—*Minor offences against the Person.*				
14	345 ...	Wrongful confinement	..	..	2	..
15	352, 355, 358 ...	Criminal force	9	39	106	3,452
16	334 ...	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	..	..	..	..
17	323 ...	Voluntarily causing hurt	2	4	13	611
		Total ..	11	43	121	4,003

B.

Crime for the year 1902-1903.

Cognizable Cases.

Taken up by the Magistrate of his own motion or upon information from the Police.	Referred to Police for investigation.	Total for disposal (i.e. total of columns 4 to 8).	Number dismissed without trial.	Number tried.		Number of cases pending at close of the year.			Number declared by Court never to have occurred or to be mistake of law or fact.	Number in which the Court held that a cognizable offence was committed.	Remarks.	
				Ending in discharge or acquittal.	Ending in conviction.	Under investigation.		Under trial.			Cases of death, escape or lunacy during trial and charges abandoned, compounded or withdrawn (Secs. 247, 248, 259, 333, 345 and 494 Cr. P. C.)	Cases reversed on appeal or on revision.
						With the Police.	Otherwise under investigation.					
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
..	..	..	..	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	
..	..	..	..	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	...	...	...	...	
..	..	..	..	..	..	..	...	...	..	...	...	
..	...	..	..	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	
..	..	..	..	..	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	
33	4	97	4	27	61	...	...	5	...	...	...	
5	3	15	1	4	9	...	...	1	...	...	..	
13	2	36	5	12	9	1	...	8	1	...	...	
..	2	25	3	15	2	1	...	4	...	...	...	
6	6	22	1	9	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	
..	..	1	..	1	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	
42	6	*103	1	31	66	...	...	1	...	...	...	*1 transferred.
101	23	*259	15	102	159	2	..	19	1	...	...	*1 transferred.
2	1	3	..	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	
..	..	..	..	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	..	
2	1	3	..	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	
1	2	19	2	7	5	2	2	1	...	...	...	
..	..	2	..	2	...	..	...	...	...	..	...	
33	58	3,639	710	1,991	413	13	...	123	24	3	155	174 compounded and 3 withdrawn.
..	..	..	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
13	16	643	64	337	75	3	1	21	4	...	52	66 compounded.
46	74	4,284	794	2,333	486	16	1	141	29	3	237	240 compounded and 3 withdrawn.

STATEMENT

Return of Non-Cognizable

Part I.—Return of Non-

Serial No.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	Pending at the beginning of the year.			Instituted by complaint during the year.
			Under investigation by order of Magistrates.			
			With the Police	Otherwise under investigation.	Under trial.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
		CLASS V.—*Minor offences against Property.*				
18	417 to 420 ..	Cheating	3	..	7	59
19	401, 404 ..	Criminal misappropriation of property	4	4	5	113
20	409 ..	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, etc.	1	1	1	23
21	426, 427, 434 ..	Mischief (simple)	2	7	17	469
		Total ..	10	12	30	684
		CLASS VI.—*Other offences not specified above.*				
22	293 ..	Offences against religion	...	..	..	1
23	490 to 492 ..	Criminal breach of contract of service	..	..	18	85
24	493 to 498 ..	Offences relating to marriage	3	1	12	54
25	500 to 502 ..	Defamation	2	2	6	74
26	504, 506 to 510 ..	Intimidation and insult	..	9	13	773
27	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 285, 290	Public and local nuisances	..	..	3	302
28	291 A ..	Keeping a lottery office	...	..	...	..
29	Offences under Chapter VIII (a), C. P. C.	Security for keeping the peace on conviction ..	.	...	...	...
30	Offences under Chapter X, C. P. C.	Public nuisances	...	...	..	13
31	Cases under Chapter XII, C. P. C.	Disputes as to immovable property	1	1	..	6
32	Cases under Chapter XXXVI, C. P. C.	Maintenance of wives and children	...	..	1	8
		(a) Cattle Trespass Act	...	2	2	251
		(b) Stamp Act	...		.	1
		(c) Village Sanitation Rules	...	...	5	197
		(d) Forest Rules	...	1	3	103
		(e) Infant Marriages Prevention Regulation ..	..	...	..	...
		(f) Excise Laws	...	4	18	351
		(g) Arms Act	...	1	...	8
		(h) Railway Laws	...	...	..	2
		(i) Breach of Contract Act III of 1859 ..	...	...	..	69
		(j) Forfeiture of bond	...	...	...	1
		(k) Police Rules	...	1	1	62
		(l) Coffee Stealing Prevention Act ..	..	...	.	12
		(m) Prosecution for malicious complaints ..	..	..	...	2
		(n) Rules under Salt Pans	..	..	...	5
		(o) Municipal Laws	..	.	...	28
		(p) Registration Act	..	...	.	4
		(q) Lunatic Asylums Act	..	...	...	1
		(r) Plague Regulations	...	...	...	9
		(s) Game and Fish Preservation Regulation ...	..	..	...	10
		Total	6	22	82	2,449
		Grand Total ...	27	80	254	7,389

B – *concld.*

Crime for the year 1902-1903.

Cognizable Cases.

Taken up by the Magistrate of his own motion or upon information from the Police.	Referred to Police for investigation.	Total for disposal "i.e. total of columns 4 to 6."	Number dismissed without trial.	Number tried: Ending in discharge or acquittal.	Number tried: Ending in conviction.	Number of cases pending at close of the year: Under investigation: With the Police.	Number of cases pending at close of the year: Under investigation: Otherwise under investigation.	Number of cases pending at close of the year: Under trial.	Number declared by Court never to have occurred or to be mistake of law or fact.	Number in which the Court held that a cognizable offence was committed.	Remarks: Cases of death, escape or lunacy during trial and charges abandoned, compounded or withdrawn (Secs 247, 248, 253, 333, 345 and 494 Cr. P. C.)	Remarks: Cases reversed on appeal or on revision.
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
1	10	7	4	39	8	6	...	10	...	...	*3	
13	20	139	21	57	46	6	.	5	1	...	...	
1	2	27	1	10	10	...	1	5	..	...	...	
15	18	593	78	228	151	3		24	1	.	18	24 compounded.
30	50	766	107	334	218	15	1	44	2	..	21	24 compounded.
	.	1	..	1			...		..	..		
...		103	22	63	8			7		...	1	2 compounded.
	8	70	18	36	4	3	...	2	2	...	3	2 Do
	1	64	23	35	7	2	.	7	1	...	2	0 Do
38	9	833	138	483	83	22	1	15	4	...	43	49 Do
77	6	332	9	240	131			2	...	..		
..										.	..	
2		2	1	1	..					..	..	
		12	..	9	3			..	...	..	.	
3		11	3	5	1	1	1			...	...	
.	...	9	3	2	1		..	3		...	..	
2		277	24	151	29		...	8	...	..	22	19 Do
1		2		1	1				...	...	.	
122	.	321	11	62	218	..		1	2	...		
7		111	5	25	71			8		..	1	
9	8	9			9	.	..			.		
.		576	27	38	300	..	.	11	..	...		
	.	9	1	1	7		...		..	..	...	
	.	2	..	1	1	.	.	...	...	..	.	
..	..	89		59	19	...	.	11	..	..	...	
6	..	7	1		6	..	..	..		...	.	
31		95	2	19	71	.		3	...	..	...	
	12	12	...	1	11	.			.	..	.	
..		2	1		1	..	..	.	.	...	.	
.	.	5	...	..	5	..	...	...		..		
29		52	.	13	39			.	...	..	...	
..	..	3	3	..	3			..	..	...	.	
..		1		..	..	..	...	..	1		..	
..		9	1	..	8	..		...	...	...	..	
5	1	15	...	3	10	..	...	2	..	...	..	
332	45	2,891	283	1,263	1,050	29	2	80	10	...	*72	*73 compounded.
512	195	8,262	1,291	4,010	1,950	63	6	282	43	3	†330	†337 compounded, 3 withdrawn and 1 transferred

STATEMENT

PART II—Return of persons concerned in Non-Cognizable

Serial No.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	Persons concerned in cases pending at beginning of the year (viz. under trial or against whom process had issued.)	Persons against whom process issued.	
				On complaint.	On Magistrate's own motion, or information from the Police.
1	2	3	4	5	6
1	115 ...	Abetment of offence not committed, ect. ...	...	...	...
	117 ...	Abetting commission of offence by public, etc. ...	...	...	...
	118, 119 ...	Concealing design to commit offence. ...	...	...	...
		Total ...	.	...	...
		Class I—Offences against the State, Public Tranquility, etc.			
2	121 to 130, 505 ...	Offences against the State	...	..	
3	157 ...	Harbouring deserters by Master of Ship ...	...	..	
4	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 229	Offences against public justice	..	67	61
5	161 to 163, 217 to 223 ...	Offences by public servants	...	11	16
6	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 421 to 424.	False evidence, false complaints and claims and fraudulent deeds, and disposition of property.	5	24	11
7	465 to 477 ...	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents ..	23	*36	11
8	264 to 267 ...	Offences relating to weights and measures ..	4	10	13
9	482 to 489 ..	Making or using false trade marks	1	..	...
10	149, 154 to 156, 160 ...	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray	4	213	185
		Total ...	37	*361	296
		Class II—Serious Offences against the Person.			
11	312 to 316 ...	Causing miscarriage	..	1	..
12	370 ...	Buying or disposing of slaves	...	10	...
		Total ...	...	11	.
		Class III—Serious Offences against the Property.			
13	384 to 389 ...	Extortion	2	17	14
		Class IV—Minor Offences against the Person.			
14	343 ...	Wrongful confinement	1	..	...
15	352, 355, 358 ...	Criminal force	198	6,067	1,453
16	334 ...	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	..	..	.
17	323 ...	Voluntarily causing hurt	37	1,242	281
		Total	236	7,329	1,734

B.

Cases in the Province of Mysore for the year 1902-03.

Persons not arrested because absconded or evading or not complying with summons during the year: also those against whom processes were outstanding at end of the year.	Appeared before the Courts. (a)	Persons discharged after appearance without trial.	Persons tried. (b)		Percentage of number convicted to number against whom process issued. (Columns 5 and 8.)	Persons under trial at close of the year.	Remarks.
			Acquitted or discharged. (c)	Convicted. (d)			
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	123	1	61	63	49·2	3	
...	27	8	10	8	29·6	1	
...	40	...	22	12	34·2	6	
2	69	...	45	4	6·5	20	* 1 died.
...	26	1	13	12	54·5	...	
...	1	1	...	...	...	...	
...	*103	...	150	245	61·5	5	* 2 transferred.
2	†693	11	301	341	52·3	35	* 1 died ; † 2 transferred.
...	1	...	1	...	...	...	
...	10	...	10	...	...	...	
...	11	...	11	...	...	...	
..	33	...	13	12	38·7	8	
...	1	...	1	...	...	...	469 compromised and 1 concerned in case struck off.
36	7,738	1,451	4,856	654	8·6	304	*141 compromised and 5 concerned in cases withdrawn and 1 died.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
10	1,560	285	904	173	11·3	*51	†610 compromised, 5 concerned in cases withdrawn, 1 in that struck off and 1 died.
46	9,299	1,739	5,761	827	9·1	†355	

STATEMENT

PART II—Return of persons concerned in Non-Cognizable

Serial No.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	Persons concerned in cases pending at beginning of the year (viz. under trial or against whom process had issued.)	Persons against whom process issued.	
				On complaint.	On Magistrate's own motion, or information from the Police.
	2	3	4	5	6
		Class V—Minor Offences against Property.			
18	417 to 420 ...	Cheating	7	58*	17
19	403, 404 ...	Criminal misappropriation of property ...	6	123	29
20	409 ...	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers etc.	6	26	4
21	426, 427, 434 ...	Mischief (simple)	111	720	241
		Total ...	130	927†	291
		Class VI—Other Offences not specified above.			
22	298 ...	Offences against religion	...	3	...
23	490 to 493 ...	Criminal breach of contract of service ...	...	78	...
24	493 to 498 ...	Offences relating to marriage	10	75	16
25	500 to 502 ...	Defamation	19	121	69
26	504, 506 to 510 ...	Intimidation and insult	80	1,192	99
27	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290.	Public and local nuisances	2	353	120
28	291 A ...	Keeping a lottery office	...	...	...
29	Offences under Chapter VIII (a), C. P. C.	Security for keeping the peace on conviction ...	...	...	1
30	Offences under Chapter X, C. P. C.	Public nuisances	...	12	...
31	Cases under Chapter XII C. P. C.	Disputes as to immoveable property	...	7	...
32	Cases under Chapter XXXVI, C. P. C.	Maintenance of wives and children	1	5	...
		(a) Cattle Trespass Act	3	435	67
		(b) Stamp Act	...	1	1
		(c) Village Sanitation Rules	3	159	330
		(d) Forest Rules	6	162	77
		(e) Infant Marriages Prevention Regulation ...	...	3	25
		(f) Excise Laws	13	361	113
		(g) Arms Act	...	3	6
		(h) Railway Laws	...	...	5
		(i) Breach of Contract Act	...	81	...
		(j) Forfeiture of bond	...	...	6
		(k) Police Rules	...	58	61
		(l) Coffee Stealing Prevention Act ...	...	...	14
		(m) Prosecution for malicious complaints ...	...	...	1
		(n) Rules under salt pans	...	16	...
		(o) Municipal Laws	...	21	29
		(p) Registration Act	...	5	6
		(q) Lunatic Asylum Act	...	...	...
		(r) Plague Regulations	...	4	4
		(s) Game and Fish Preservation Regulation ...	...	29	22
		Total ...	137	3,247	1,094
		Grand Total ...	542	*11,693	3,429

B.

Cases in the State of Mysore in the year 1902-03.

Persons not arrested because absconded or evading or not complying with summons during the year; also those against whom processes were outstanding at end of the year.	Appeared before the Courts. (a)	Persons discharged after appearance, without trial.	Persons tried. (b)		Percentage of number convicted to number against whom process issued (Columns V and VI.)	Persons under trial at close of the year.	Remarks.
			Acquitted or discharged. (c)	Convicted. (d)			
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
4	81	9	57	10	13·3	5	* 1 died.
...	158	10	84	61	40·1	3	
...	36	6	11	10	33·3	9	
6	1,072	156	539	230	24·4	108	39 compromised.
10	1,347	181	691	311	25·5	125	† 1 died and 39 compromised.
...	3	...	3	...	...	...	
7	78	2	63	10	14·1	...	3 concerned in cases withdrawn.
...	101	10	78	6	6·6	3	4 compromised.
...	229	45	144	21	10	14	5 do
17	1,371	305	810	135	10·4	19	102 do
...	475	5	65	403	85·2	2	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	...	1	...	...	...	
...	12	...	9	3	25	...	
...	7	...	6	1	14·2	...	
...	6	1	1	1	20	3	
15	565	53	409	56	9·9	5	42 do
...	2	...	1	1	50	...	
2	492	10	97	384	78·5	1	
...	245	22	65	139	58·1	19	
...	28	...	1	27	96·4	...	
2	486	14	67	391	83·3	11	
...	9	...	2	7	77·7	...	
...	5	...	2	3	60	...	
8	81	...	59	19	23·4	3	
...	6	...	...	6	100	...	
...	122	1	36	81	66·4	4	
...	14	...	1	13	92·8	...	
...	1	...	...	1	100	...	
...	16	...	...	16	100	...	
...	53	...	4	48	90·5	1	
...	11	4	...	7	63·6	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	8	...	...	8	100	...	153 compr and 5 concerned in cases withdrawn.
3	51	...	7	36	70·6	8	*8 02 compromised, 8 withdrawn, 3 died, 1 struck off and 2 transferred.
55	4,478	472	1,931	1,826	42·06	93	
113	15,861	2,403	8,708	3,820	20·6	616	

STATEMENT C.

Property stolen and recovered.

Offence (a).	Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was stolen.	Amount of property stolen (b).	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property stolen.	Remarks
I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII
				Rs.	Rs.		
(A).—Cognizable.							
1 Theft ... (a) In conjunction with lurking house-trespass or house-breaking.	577	263	45·5	62,720	17,954	28·6	
1 Theft ... (b) In conjunction with receiving stolen property.	225	223	99·1	9,480	8,759	92·3	
1 Theft ... (c) Other thefts.	1,432	1,115	77·8	80,231	31,334	39·05	
2 Robbery ... (a) Dacoity	28	13	46·4	8,965	1,649	18·4	
2 Robbery ... (b) Other robbery	33	15	46·8	7,012	799	11·3	
3 Criminal breach of trust ...	74	42	56·7	8,541	1,801	20·3	
4 Mining Regulations ...	47	47	100	757	757	100	
Total	2,415	1,718	71·1	1,78,006	63,053	35·4	
B. Non-cognizable (c).							
5 Extortion ...	1	...	...	11	...		
6 Criminal misappropriation ...	14	15	92·8	439	386	87·9	
7 Criminal breach of trust by public servant or by a banker, merchant or agent.	2	2	100	609	609	100	
Total ...	17	15	882	1,059	995	93·9	

STATEMENT D.

(Return of Professional Crime for the year 1902-03).

Offences.	Cases.				Persons.			Return of Police work for three years.													Remarks.
	Committed during the previous two years and in which no conviction or acquittal or discharge had taken place up to beginning of the year.	Occurred during the year.	Number of cases in which conviction was obtained.					Persons, brought to trial after being arrested by the Police.			Persons convicted.			Value of property stolen.			Value of property recovered.			
			Of those in column II.	Of those in column III.	Number concerned in cases in columns II and III.	Convicted.	Under trial or arrest at close of the year.	1900—1901.	1901—02.	1902—03.	1900—01.	1901—02.	1902—03.	1900—01.	1901—02.	1902—03.	1900—01.	1901—02.	1902—03.	
I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII	IX			X			XI			XII			XIII
														Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Thuggee.. (a) By strangulatio	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
(b) By poisioning	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Other professional crime—																				
Dacoity	41	17	5	1	*110	19	7	107	52	63	22	5	19	4,337	5,126	2,978	261	221	431	* 13 released and 1 acquitted.
Robbery	21	21	1	6	20	15	2	11	17	18	6	8	13	797	803	1,653	86	116	636	
Cattle theft, etc., etc.	23	30	7	25	102	56	16	180	164	86	130	112	66	2,645	2,154	2,541	2,027	1,661	1,781	

STATEMENT

Showing Strength, Cost, Distribution and

DISTRICT.	Sanctioned strength of Police Force										
	Strength of District, Cantonment, Town or Municipal and Water Police, paid for wholly or in part from Imperial or Provincial revenues.									Strength of Cantonment, Town or Municipal and Water Police, paid wholly from other than Imperial or Provincial revenues.	
	Inspector General, Deputy and Assistant Inspector General.	Number of District and Assistant District Superintendents.	Number of Inspectors.	Number of Deputy Inspectors, Sub-Inspectors, or Chief or European Constables.	Number of Head Constables or Sergeants (mounted and unmounted.)	Number of Mounted Constables.	Number of Foot Constables.	Number of Water Constables.	Total.	Officers.	Men.
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Chief Office	1	3	5	...	...	..	...	..	9	...	...
Head-quarter Police School	...	...	1	...	1	..	...	..	2	...	...
Bangalore Special Reserve	...	...	1	...	2	..	49	..	52	...	...
Railway — B. N. Section	...	...	1	...	2	..	49	..	52	...	...
Railway — B. S. Railway	...	...	1	...	3	..	25	..	29	...	...
Total	1	3	9	...	8	..	123	..	144	...	...
Bangalore — District Police	...	1	12	13	71	..	537	..	634	...	...
Bangalore — City Police	...	...	1	2	46	..	278	..	327	...	...
Total	...	1	13	15	117	..	815	..	961	...	...
Kolar — District Police	...	1	8	...	61	..	359	..	429	...	...
Kolar — Gold Fields	...	1	6	7	39	..	282	..	335	...	...
Total	...	2	14	7	100	..	641	..	764	...	...
Tumkur — District Police	..	1	9	...	84	..	571	..	665	...	...
Tumkur — Special Reserve	...	...	1	...	1	..	30	..	32	...	...
Total	...	1	10	...	85	..	601	..	697	...	...
Mysore — District Police	...	1	10	...	69	..	412	..	492	...	...
Mysore — Special Reserve	...	...	1	...	2	..	49	..	52	...	...
Mysore — City	...	..	1	4	41	..	275	..	321	...	...
Total	...	1	12	4	112	..	736	..	865	...	...
French Rocks	...	1	6	...	44	..	245	..	356	...	...
Hassan	...	1	9	...	62	..	386	..	458	...	...
Shimoga — District Police	...	1	10	...	81	..	463	..	555	...	...
Shimoga — Special Reserve	...	...	1	...	1	..	30	..	32	...	...
Total	...	1	11	...	82	..	493	..	587	...	...
Kadur	...	1	7	...	53	..	381	..	442	...	...
Chitaldrug	...	1	10	...	79	..	580	..	670	...	...

E.

Employment of District Police in the year 1902-1903.

Cost of Police.											Distribution of Force.			
					Average pay of						District Officer.			
											Guards at District, Central and Subsidiary Jails.		Reserve.	
Pay and travelling or other allowances (of all kinds) of controlling officers, column 2 and pay and travelling or other allowances of their establishments.	Pay and travelling or other allowances (of all kinds) of District and Assistant District Superintendents and their Office and personal establishment (1.)	Total pay of subordinate officers (columns 4 to 6.)	Total pay of Constables of all classes (columns 7 to 9.)	Horse and travelling allowances, permanent or otherwise, not included in columns 13 and 14.	Mounted Constables.	Foot and Water Constables.	Contingencies and all expenses other than those included in columns 13 to 17.	Total Cost.	Payable from (a) Imperial, (b) Provincial Revenues.	Payable from other sources.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
30,759	535	2,478	971	...	...	...	60,935	95,678	95,678	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...
...	...	1,323	5,356	2,396	...	9 8 0	...	9,105	9,105	...	..	...	3	22
...	...	1,680	3,492	1,611	...	8 0 0	117	6,630	6,330	...	..	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	7 8 0	...	3,550	3,550	...	..	...	...	...
30,759	535	6,481	9,849	3,487	...	...	61,052	1,14,663	1,14,663	...	..	...	3	22
...	7,069	20,979	43,847	3,317	...	7 8 0	5,072	80,284	80,284	...	..	...	2	10
...	...	11,626	22,091	1,334	...	8 0 0	1,054	36,105	36,105	...	..	...	...	...
...	7,069	32,605	65,938	4,651	...	...	6,126	1,16,389	1,16,389	...	..	..	2	10
...	5,968	17,507	29,525	4,545	...	7 8 0	3,723	61,268	61,268	...	..	...	8	21
...	14,833	20,351	35,219	2,423	...	8 0 0	3,685	76,541	76,541	...	..	...	4	4
...	20,801	37,858	64,774	6,968	...	...	7,408	1,37,809	1,37,809	...	..	...	12	25
...	7,983	22,398	48,009	3,294	...	7 8 0	2,303	83,986	83,986	...	..	...	...	...
...	...	1,356	3,315	1,472	...	9 8 0	...	6,143	6,143	...	..	-	2	30
...	7,983	23,754	51,323	4,766	...	...	2,303	90,129	90,129	...	..	...	2	30
...	5,446	18,364	35,672	3,747	...	7 8 0	1,927	65,156	65,156	...	..	...	9	14
...	...	1,430	5,327	715	...	9 8 0	...	7,472	7,472	...	..	...	3	48
...	...	10,736	25,644	577	...	8 0 0	726	37,683	37,683	...	..	...	...	...
...	5,446	30,530	66,643	5,039	...	...	2,653	1,10,311	1,10,311	...	..	...	12	62
...	3,547	11,231	23,562	2,031	...	7 8 0	2,157	42,531	42,531	...	..	...	1	14
...	7,550	14,749	31,602	3,531	...	7 8 0	7,464	64,896	64,896	...	..	...	7	1
...	8,643	13,905	40,080	6,450	...	7 8 0	2,968	77,149	77,119	...	..	...	2	9
...	...	1,026	3,084	...	...	9 8 0	...	4,110	4,110	...	..	...	2	29
...	8,643	20,934	43,164	6,450	...	...	2,968	81,259	81,259	...	..	...	4	38
...	12,135	18,817	35,603	...	...	7 8 0	...	65,955	65,955	...	..	...	8	29
...	7,440	19,221	45,169	4,768	...	7 8 0	4,477	81,015	81,015	...	..	...	6	40
30,759	81,149	2,15,160	4,36,967	41,644	...	...	95,708	9,04,957	9,04,957	...	..	...	57	271

STATEMENT

Showing Strength, Cost, Distribution and

DISTRICT.	Distribution of Force—concld..										
	District Officer—concld.										
	Guards over Lock-ups & Treasuries, or escorts to prisoners & treasure (if not included in columns 26 and 27) also policemen on orderly duty.		Police employed in Courts.		Engaged in prevention and detection of crime.		Total.		On Town, Municipal or Harbour duty.		
	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	In Cantonments.
	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
Chief Office	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Head-quarter Police School	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bangalore Special Reserve	...	7	...	...	...	20	3	49	...	...	...
Railway — B. N. Section	...	2	...	...	3	47	3	49	...	...	...
Railway — B. S. Railway	...	1	...	...	4	24	4	25	...	...	...
Total	...	10	...	...	7	91	10	123	...	...	...
Bangalore — District Police	...	9	1	16	94	502	97	537	...	...	...
Bangalore — City Police	1	9	...	...	48	269	49	278	...	...	...
Total	1	18	1	16	142	771	146	815	...	...	...
Kolar — District Police	...	7	...	10	62	321	70	359	...	...	...
Kolar — Gold Fields	...	17	1	...	48	261	53	282	...	...	...
Total	...	24	1	10	110	582	123	641	...	...	...
Tumkur — District Police	3	16	...	12	91	543	94	571	...	...	...
Tumkur — Special Reserve	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	30	...	...	...
Total	3	16	...	12	91	543	96	601	...	...	...
Mysore — District Police	8	57	...	6	63	335	80	412	...	...	...
Mysore — Special Reserve	...	1	...	...	...	...	3	19	...	...	...
Mysore — City Police	...	3	...	3	46	269	46	275	...	...	...
Total	8	61	...	9	109	604	129	736	...	...	...
French Rocks	5	33	...	9	45	229	51	285	...	...	...
Hassan	...	32	...	...	65	353	72	386	...	...	...
Shimoga — District Police	3	36	...	...	87	418	92	463	...	...	...
Shimoga — Special Reserve	...	1	...	...	...	...	2	30	...	...	...
Total	3	37	...	...	87	418	94	493	...	...	...
Kadur	...	6	...	...	53	346	61	381	...	...	...
Chitaldrug	...	...	...	43	84	498	90	550	...	...	...
Grand Total	20	237	2	98	793	4,435	872	5,041	...	...	...

STATEMENT

Return (1) showing Equipment, Discipline, and General

District.	Total strength.				Armament of the force.				
	Sanctioned.		Actual.		With fire-arms.			Not with fire-arms.	
	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Number provided with rifles Special Reserves, etc.	Number provided with breech-loading smooth-bores or carbines.	Number provided with muzzle-loading smooth-bores.	Number provided with swords.	Number provided with batons only.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Chief Office	5	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...
Head-quarter Police School	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bangalore Special Reserve	3	49	3	49	...	...	49	1	...
Railway Police, Bangalore-Nanjangud Section	3	49	*4	49	...	...	...	1	51
Do Birur-Shimoga Section	4	25	*3	25	...	...	...	1	26
Total	17	123	16	123	...	..	49	3	77
Bangalore — District Police	93	537	96	494	...	...	..	56	50
Bangalore — City Police	49	278	47	216	...	...	...	2	249
Total	145	815	143	710	...	..	...	58	299
Kolar — District Police	69	359	68	357	..	...	116	30	311
Kolar — Gold Fields	52	282	49	280	...	74	27	9	175
Total	121	641	117	637	...	74	143	39	486
Tumkur — District Police	93	571	89	543	230	...	...	128	461
Tumkur — Special Reserve	2	30	2	30	26	...	...	1	30
Total	95	601	91	573	256	...	...	129	491
Mysore — District Police	79	412	78	367	40	...	92	64	515
Mysore — City Police	45	275	46	270	...	..	5	1	306
Mysore — Special Reserve	3	49	3	48	24	...	...	1	49
Total	128	736	127	685	64	...	97	66	873
French Rocks	50	285	50	269	57	1	16	51	324
Hassan	71	386	67	353	113	...	...	86	318
Shimoga — District Police	91	463	90	431	...	...	...	...	...
Shimoga — Special Reserve	2	30	2	23	...	..	...	...	...
Total	93	493	92	459	...	...	...	..	...
Kadur	60	381	60	339	...	..	137	...	33
Chitaldrug	89	580	83	412	...	...	...	...	379
Grand Total	869	5,041	816	4,560	489	75	442	432	3,360

E.—*concld.*

Employment of District Police in the year 1902-03.

Area of whole Province (or District) in square miles.	Population of whole Province (or District).	Number of Police Stations.	Proportion of the Police engaged on prevention and detection of crime (Officers and men.)								
			Number of Out-posts.	To area. (2)			To population. (3)			(Total amount of cognizable crime, column V of Part I and columns 8 and of 10 Part III, Statement A).	Proportion of cognizable crime to the force engaged in the prevention and detection of crime (columns 32 and 33). Remarks.
				Of the whole Province (District).	Of Province (District) exclusive both of the area and the force in towns. (3)	Of towns, exclusive of the force outside towns.	Of the whole Province (District).	Of Province (District) exclusive both of the population and the force in towns.	Towns, exclusive of the force outside towns.		
39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	
..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26	·5	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	·2	
...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	32	·3	
3,067	720,217	65	4	1 to 5·1	...	..	1 to 1,203	..	..	818	1·3	
11	69,447	12	4	1 to ·03	..	...	1 to 219	...	..	787	2·4	
3,078	789,664	77	8	1 to 3·3	...	...	1 to 864	...	...	1,605	1·7	
3,161	67,039	42	5	1 to 8·2	...	...	1 to 1,219	.	...	535	1·4	
997	256,561	20	3	1 to 3·2	...	..	1 to 669	...	...	1,057	3·4	
4,161	723,600	62	8	1 to 6·01	...	...	1 to 1,045	...	..	1,592	2·3	
4,157	679,162	66	45	1 to 6·5	...	...	1 to 1,071	...	...	709	1·1	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	
4,157	679,162	66	45	1 to 6·5	...	...	1 to 1,071	...	...	709	1·1	
2,974	741,620	52	23	1 to 7·4	...	...	1 to 1,863	...	...	520	1·9	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
7¼	68,111	8	11	1 to ·03	...	...	1 to 216	...	...	218	·6	
2,981¼	809,731	60	34	1 to 4·1	...	...	1 to 1,135	...	...	738	1·03	
1,939	485,441	37	7	1 to 7·07	...	...	1 to 1,771	...	...	379	1·4	
2,617	568,919	46	10	1 to 6·3	...	...	1 to 1,387	..	..	602	1·4	
4,024	531,736	57	30	1 to 7·9	...	...	1 to 1,052	...	...	730	1·4	
..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4,024	531,736	57	30	1 to 7·9	...	...	1 to 1,052	...	..	730	1·4	
2,841	362,752	57	21	1 to 7·04	...	...	1 to 899	...	...	481	1·2	
4,022	498,795	65	83	1 to 6·0	...	...	1 to 857	...	...	593	1·02	
23,820¼	5,449,800	527	216	1 to 5·7	...	...	1 to 1,042	...	...	7,161	1·4	

F.

Internal Management of the Force for 1902-03.

Punishments.												
Dismissed.		Fined, degraded or suspended departmentally, or departmentally punished in any other way provided in Section 7 of the Police Act.		Punished Judicially by a Magistrate or Sessions Court.								
				Under Police Act.		Under Sections 330, 331, 348, Penal Code.		Under Chapter IX of Penal Code.		Other offences.		
Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	
11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	8	1	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	* Includes the Head Constable of the Birur-Shimoga Railway doing duty here.
..	3	..	6	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	11	1	42	...	2	...	...	...		...	3	
3	17	4	4	1	4	...	...	...	...	1	...	
2	23	15	102	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	
5	40	19	106	1	4	...	...		...	2	...	
...	7	10	110	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	
...	11	16	158	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	3	
	18	26	238	1	3	...	..		...	...	10	
1	2	25	161	...	...	1	1	...	1	...	1	
...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	2	26	162	...	...	1	1	...	1	...	1	
...	2	5	39	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	
...	...	1	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	2	6	71	..	1	..	...		...	...	1	
1	4	18	156	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	6	41	170	...	2	..	...	...	...	...	3	
1	17	23	67	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
1	18	23	68	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	1	
1	8	...	28	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	
...	20	41	143	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	
10	129	201	1,214	2	12	1	1	...	2	3	21	

STATEMENT

Return showing Equipment, Discipline, and General

District.	Rewards.		Education.				
	Rewarded during the year.		Number of Police who can read and write.				
	By promotion.	By khillats, presents, good-conduct stripes, or money rewards.	Officers.	Men.	Number enlisted during the year.	Of one year's service and under ten years.	Of ten years' service and upwards.
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
Chief Office	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Head-quarter Police School	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bangalore Special Reserve	...	...	3	26	2	38	16
Railway Police { Bangalore-Nanjangud Section ...	3	...	4	24	11	23	16
Railway Police { Birur-Shimoga Railway ...	...	...	3	12	3	21	4
Total ...	3	...	10	62	16	83	36
Bangaloro { District Police	8	3	97	289	11	159	330
Bangaloro { City Police	51	12	41	169	65	106	92
Total ...	59	15	138	458	76	265	482
Kolar { District Police	8	15	64	125	26	161	238
Kolar { Gold Fields	...	128	50	172	54	216	60
Total ...	8	143	114	297	10	377	298
Tumkur { District Police	3	25	89	244	26	303	329
Tumkur { Special Reserve	...	...	2	19	2	19	13
Total ...	3	25	91	263	28	322	342
Mysore { District Police	2	6	79	156	40	219	176
Mysore { Special Reserve ...	1	16	42	129	43	146	127
Mysore { City Police	...	...	3	31	8	27	16
Total ...	3	22	124	319	100	392	319
French Rocks	1	16	51	125	21	141	157
Hassan	5	16	66	116	44	223	192
Shimoga { District Police	39	...	85	228	51	323	133
Shimoga { Special Reserve	1	...	2	14	...	22	8
Total ...	40	...	88	242	51	345	206
Kadur	16	1	58	153	40	235	134
Chitaldrug	1	15	84	217	40	212	283
Grand Total ...	134	253	836	2,252	495	2,630	2,449

F—*concluded.*

Internal Management of the Force for 1902-03.

Number who have left the force during the year						Percentage to total actual strength of—			Remarks.
On pension or gratuity.	By resignation without pension or gratuity.	By dismissal.	By discharge otherwise than under preceding columns.	By desertion.	By death.	Admissions into hospital.	Daily average sick.	Deaths.	
30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	
...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	1	..	...	1	40·4	...	1·9	
...	...	8	3	...	3	20·7	...	5·6	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
..	...	4	3	...	4	..	..	...	
5	4	13	...	7	6	6·4	·1	1·01	
5	11	4	...	21	12	8·8	·2	4·5	
10	15	17	.	28	18	..	...	2·1	
11	1	7	...	...	2	21·4	·2	·4	
5	15	11	4	9	16	62·3	·17	4·8	
16	16	18	4	9	18			2·3	
9	1	3	...	8	7	11·3	·19	1·1	
...	2	...	..	...	...	·4	·03	...	
9	3	3	...	8	7	...	...	1·05	
2	4	2	...	7	11	9·64	·026	4·2	
3	5	...	...	5	17	12·34	·032	5·3	
...	6	...	...	...	3	39·21	·1·7	5·9	
5	15	2	...	12	39	...	.	4·8	
2	2	1	...	4	5	41	1·28	1·5	
27	7	6	...	14	11	25·1	2·93	2·6	
...	11	18	...	11	19	23·4	·6	3·6	
...	...	1	...	...	..	6·6	·18	...	
...	11	19	...	11	19	..	...	3·4	
2	12	...	...	6	11	24·8	·27	3	
6	3	18	1	1	14	11·1	·03	2·8	
77	84	93	8	93	146	...	...	2·7	

STATEMENT

Showing the race and religion or caste of

District	Race															
	Europeans					Eurasians					Natives					
	District Superintendents	Assistant District Superintendents	Inspectors	Deputy or Sub-Inspectors or Chief Constables and Head Constables or Sergeants	Constables	District Superintendents	Assistant District Superintendents	Inspectors	Deputy or Sub-Inspectors or Chief Constables and Head Constables or Sergeants	Constables	District Superintendents	Assistant District Superintendents	Inspectors	Deputy or Sub-Inspectors or Chief Constables and Head Constables or Sergeants	Constables
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Chief Office ...	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	1	2	5	...	...
Head-quarter Police School ...	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	1	...	...
Bangalore Special Reserve ...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	2	48
Railway Police, B. N. Section ...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	49
Railway Police, B. S. Section ...	...	..	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	2	25
Bangalore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	1	12	84	494
Kolar ...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	..	1	8	60	357
Tumkur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	1	...	9	80	543
Tumkur Special Reserve ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	..	1	30
Mysore ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	10	68	367
Mysore Special Reserve ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	1	2	48
French Rocks ...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	6	44	269
Hassan ...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	1	9	58	353
Shimoga ...	...	..	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	80	431
Shimoga Special Reserve ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	28
Kadur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	1	6	52	339
Chitaldrug ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	10	73	412
Bangalore City ...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	45	216
Mysore City ...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	1	45	270
Kolar Gold Fields ...	1	...	...	3	...	...	...	2	3	...	..	...	4	87	280
Total ...	1	...	3	4	...	1	...	4	4	1	3	8	91	737	4,559

G.

Officers and Men employed in the Police.

Religion or Caste											
Officers											
		Hindus								Other religions	
Christians	Muhammadans	Brahmins	Rajputs	Kurubars, Bedars and Palegars	Telugu Banajigars	Mahrattas	Vakkaligars	Sivachars	Hindus of all other castes	Jains	Jews
17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28
...	2	4	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...
...	...	1	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...
1	1	...	1	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	...	2	..	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
1	...	2	...	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...
...	17	38	2	3	9	3	8	2	15	...	...
...	19	30	3	1	7	2	1	...	4	2	...
...	23	38	2	...	...	3	13	1	4	...	...
1	1	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	17	41	1	2	4	3	6	..	5	...	...
...	2	1	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...
4	7	36	...	...	...	...	3	1	3	...	...
1	15	34	3	...	1	...	9	...	3	...	...
4	30	33	5	7	...	3	..	3	16	...	...
...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	16	30	1	2	..	1	4	...	8	...	...
1	39	26	4	1	1	...	...	...	12	...	...
2	13	15	1	...	...	...	...	...	16	...	...
1	17	6	3	2	1	4	5	...	7	...	1
...	10	12	3	...	7	...	...	2	6	...	2
5	221	350	29	18	30	19	51	10	101	2	3

STATEMENT G—*concluded.*

Showing the race and religion or caste of Officers and Men employed in the Police.

District	Religion or Caste														
	Men														
	Christians	Muhammadans	Hindus									Other religions		Grand Total	
			Brahmins	Rajputs	Kurubars, Bedars and Palegars	Telugu Banajigas	Mahrattas	Vakkaligars	Sivachars	Hindus of all other caste		Jains	Jews		
	29	30	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58		59	60	61	
														Officers.	Men.
Chief Office	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	...
Head-quarter Police School	...	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
Bangalore Special Reserve	...	2	21	...	4	..	...	7	1	...	14	...	...	3	49
Railway Police, B. N. Section	...	..	15	4	1	2	...	4	4	7	6	3	3	4	49
Railway Police, B. S. Section	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25	...	...	3	25
Bangalore	...	2	151	82	24	27	32	42	28	3	93	...	...	97	494
Kolar	...	1	176	66	4	20	48	11	5	...	23	...	...	69	357
Tumkur	...	2	225	79	11	...	...	21	194	3	6	2	...	90	543
Tumkur Special Reserve	...	2	15	1	..	...	...	4	5	...	3	...	...	2	30
Mysore	...	4	102	65	15	20	10	16	19	7	109	...	...	79	387
Mysore Special Reserve	...	4	16	2	..	8	5	8	3	...	7	...	...	3	48
French Rocks	...	2	77	49	4	16	4	1	69	2	45	...	...	51	269
Hassan	...	2	89	49	3	25	8	...	121	..	56	...	...	68	353
Shimoga	...	22	103	45	10	62	11	...	...	5	113	...	...	91	481
Shimoga Special Reserve	...	1	22	1	...	...	...	...	...	..	4	...	...	2	23
Kadur	...	20	135	59	2	21	6	12	11	...	73	...	...	61	339
Chitaldrug	..	...	230	37	4	43	8	10	...	5	75	...	..	84	412
Bangalore Cit	...	7	83	18	6	...	...	..	...	...	102	...	...	47	216
Mysore City	...	8	115	4	6	11	15	8	32	5	65	...	...	46	270
Kolar Gold Fields	...	1	101	32	8	...	38	21	...	4	75	...	...	50	280
Total	...	80	1,736	593	102	250	186	163	505	41	891	5	3	859	4,560

READ—

Letter No. 2303-143, dated 31st October 1903, from the Inspector General of Police in Mysore, submitting the Report on the Administration of the Police in the State for the official year 1902-03.

No. 2673-81—J., DATED BANGALORE, 11TH JUNE 1904.

ORDER THEREON.—The Report was submitted to Government in manuscript punctually on the due date.

2. The total number of cognisable cases reported to the Police during the year under review was 6,009, or 454 less than in the previous year. The decrease is attributed to prosperous seasons and increased activity on the part of the Police. Among heinous offences, a decrease of 12 and 23 cases is observed under murder and dacoity respectively, and an increase under house-breaking and theft and kidnapping, while the number of cases under robbery remained the same. The striking decrease under dacoity was due mainly to the capture of a notorious criminal gang of Korachars and to the adoption of precautionary measures.

3. Turning to the results of Police action generally, it must be said that a certain degree of deterioration is noticeable, even after allowance is made for the elements of uncertainty involved in the standards usually adopted for appraising these results. Thus:

The percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to cases investigated—	fell from 53·4 in 1901-02 to 47·5 in 1902-03.
The percentage of cases ending in conviction to cases decided—	fell from 79·7 in 1901-02 to 74·7 in 1902-03.
The percentage of persons convicted to those tried—	fell from 70·4 in 1901-02 to 65·9 in 1902-03.
The percentage of cases in which property was recovered to those in which it was lost—	fell from 78·7 in 1901-02 to 71·1 in 1902-03.
The percentage of property recovered to property lost—	fell from 45·6 in 1901-02 to 35·4 in 1902-03.

To some extent the disparity between the percentage of property lost and that recovered is, as stated by the Inspector General, affected by the exaggerated value given to the Police by the complainants of the property lost, as possibly in the case of property stolen from the Murgi Mutt while the Swami was stopping at Davangere.

Entering into details the percentage of convictions to cases decided was better as regards murder (54·05 against 48·3), kidnapping (46·1 against 25·0), and dacoity (66·6 against 45·1), but not so good in respect of robbery (66·6 against 78·9), house-breaking (71·9 against 74·6), and theft (75·02 against 80·7).

Among the important cases of the year may be mentioned the case known as the Gubbi murder case in which on the night of the 10th September 1902, four persons were murdered in cold blood in their very beds and property to the value of Rs. 2,000 was stolen. In spite of the best efforts of the Police, the evidence adduced by them was deemed inconclusive and the real culprits are thus still at large. Of the kidnapping cases may be mentioned those relating to the Bangalore City. On information received from the Surat Police, it was discovered that an organised gang for trafficking in girls existed undetected in the Bangalore City, but it is, however, a matter of satisfaction that the local Police successfully prosecuted most of the offenders to conviction.

4. The utility of the system of recording finger impressions continued to be illustrated by the results obtained during the year; but there is no doubt that there is much room for improvement as regards both the quality and the extent of the anthropometrical work done by the Department.

5. The continued neglect on the part of several of the District Police officers to enforce the preventive provisions of the Criminal Procedure Code is disappointing. Only 43 cases involving 59 persons were prosecuted under the said provisions throughout the State, as against 105 cases involving 174 persons in the previous year. Other forms of preventive work seem also to have been neglected. The Inspector General of Police is requested to insist on the necessity for increased attention to this important subject on the part of the Police officers concerned.

Among the preventive measures adopted may be mentioned the arrest of number of Khandaris who were concerned in the commission of a well-known temple dacoity at Cape Comorin and who being found under suspicious circumstances in Mysore were imprisoned for failing to give security for good behaviour. The Government are glad that in this case the Mysore and British Police readily co-operated. In this connection the Government observe with approval that Mr. Madiah also is alive to the importance of a system of granting lands on easy terms to induce the criminal tribes in Mysore to settle down as peaceful agriculturists.

6. Two hundred and twenty-one cases under the Arms Regulation and 16 under the Game and Fish Preservation Regulation, were prosecuted during the year and convictions were obtained in 197 and 10 cases respectively.

7. There was a slight improvement (1·2 and 21·8 against 9 and 19·2) in the investigation work done by Amildars and Police Inspectors; but that of the District Police officers, especially in heinous offences, is, as observed by the Inspector General, susceptible of much improvement.

8. The actual strength of the force during the year was 860 officers and 4,560 men, of whom 97·4 and 49·3 per cent respectively were literate. The percentage of officers and men departmentally punished increased from 25·4 to 28·7, which is perhaps indicative of better control and closer supervision.

9. The total cost of the Department increased from Rs. 9,62,958 to Rs. 10,11,377, the increase being chiefly due to the supply of full clothing and accoutrement to the Police Force and of swords to Inspectors and Chief Constables. While the average cost of a policeman in Mysore (Rs. 186-9-7) is less than the cost in Madras and Bombay, at the same time it is observed that the proportion of the Police to the population is higher in Mysore (1 to 1,012) than in Madras (1 to 2,146), Bengal (1 to 5,209) and in Bombay (1 to 1,109).

10. The subject discussed in paras 118 to 120 of the Report, namely, the insufficient provision of accommodation to the Police in mofussil stations, should form the subject of a separate reference to Government.

11. The inspection work of the District Police officers of Mysore, Shimoga, Kadur and Chitaldrug requires improvement; that of the others was good on the whole. The Inspector General was himself on circuit for about three months in all; and now that he has an Office Assistant to help him, Government have little doubt that his tours of inspection will be even more frequent and productive of good results.

12. The year's work seems on the whole to be creditable.

L. ANANTASAMI RAO,
Offg. Secy. to Govt., Gen. & Rev. Depts.

To—The Inspector General of Police in Mysore.
The Deputy Commissioners of Districts.

Exd.—G.S.

Sl. No. 12

(75

G.R.S. 26]

File No. 65 of 1903

Serial No.

Diary No. of letter replied to

No. 139-(65 of 1903-4)
93
9

01 20/7/04

General and Revenue Secretariat
( )
, *the* 190

To

The Inspr. Genl. of Police in Mysore.

Date of issue 20/7/04

Signed by Mr. K S Chandrasekara
Asstt.

Has the honour to forward herewith, for reference and distribution, 40 Copies of the Report on the administration of the Police Department in the State for the official year 1902-03 with the Govt. review passed thereon

By order

20/7/04

for Secretary.

S/F
19/7/04 20/7/04

over.

SUBJECT.

Forwards for reference & distribution 40 copies of the Report on the administration of the Police Dept. in the State for the Offl. year 1902-03 with the Govt. review thereon

Ll No 13.

Office Draft. (Letter.)

Mysore Government,
General & Revenue Secretariat,
Judl. Branch.

To

The Registrar, Chief Court of Mysore.

Date of passing the draft 19/7/04
Date of despatch 20/7/04

Regd. No. 1440-(65 of 1903-04)
File No. & date (if any)

No. of Encls. One.

Sir,

I am directed to invite your attention to para 40 of the Police Administration Report for 1902-03 (copy forwarded) on the subject of the delay caused by Magistrates in furnishing the quarterly statistics to the Dt. Police Officers and to request that you will be so good as to move the Chief Court to

771

issue necessary instructions to the Subdl Magistrate in the matter of the punctual trans-missin of the required informatn

I have etc

22.1.04

19/1/04

Secretary

SN
22/1/04

Copd: D. R. K. 19/1/04

Examd: Sig. 19.1.04

(78

G.R.S. 26]

Sl No 14

File No. 93.
Serial No.

V

Diary No. of letter replied to

Pol. No. 58

One 8 copies

General and Revenue Secretariat
( )
, *the* 190 .

To
The First Assistant to the
Resident in Mysore

Date of issue 20th July 1904

Signed by

Sir,

I am directed to forward herewith eight copies of the Report on the administration of the Police Department in the State for the Official year 1902-03, with the Govt. review thereon

I have etc.

for Offg Secretary.

ab 20-7-04 B
Resident on 21-7-04

SN 19-7-04 9/8/04 19-7-04

over.

SUBJECT.

Forwards 8 Copies of the Report on the administration of the Police Department in the State for the year 1902-03 with the Govt. review thereon.

List of enclosures,

Eight copies of Report
of the Commissioner of
Police

Copied by V. A. K. 19/7/04

Examined by hg 19.7.04.

M6CPB—5,000—20-5-04